

# The Cromwell Advertiser

## AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

No. 171, Vol. IV.]

CROMWELL, OTAGO, N.Z.: TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1873.

[Price 6d.

### Cromwell Advertisements



DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,  
WHOLESALE  
AND  
RETAIL  
FAMILY GROCERS,  
AND  
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

D. A. JOLLY & CO. desire to return thanks to the people of Cromwell and the surrounding districts for the liberal encouragement they have received since opening the above establishment; and as they intend devoting their attention exclusively to the Grocery and Wine and Spirit trade, they confidently hope, from their connection in Wellington, to be able to place before the public a genuine class of goods, well and carefully selected, at prices that cannot fail to give general satisfaction. They would respectfully invite attention more especially to the following articles in stock:—

Teas of excellent flavor, in chests, half-chests, and boxes

Coffees not to be surpassed in quality

Cocoa and Chocolate of the best brands

Sugar—crystals and crushed loaf

Raisins—Muscatel, Sultana, and Eleme

Jams, Jellies, Pickles, and Sances

Bacon, Cheese, and Batter of prime quality

Tobacco—Imperial Ruby Twist, Barrett's

Twist, Old Sport, and aromatic

Oils—Salad, Castor, and Kerosene

Candles of the best brands

Soaps—Blue Mottled, Yellow, and Scented in bars and cakes, &c., &c.

GRAIN.

Wakatip Oats, Wheat and Chaff

SPORTS.

Islay Whisky—Arbog's and Long Jones'

Hennessey's and Martell's Brandy, in bulk and case

J.D.K.Z. Geneva

Burnett's Old Tom

Lemon Hart's Rum in bulk

Porter—Blood's, Ryass's, and Guinness's

COCTAILS.

Ginger Wine, Raspberry Vinegar, Peppermint,

Lemon Syrup, &c., &c.

Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla

Families waited on for orders, and goods delivered in all parts of the district at Cromwell

price.

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.,  
HAVING RECEIVED A NEW AND SELECT  
ASSORTMENT OF

IRONMONGERY,

beg to call public attention to the following:—

Blasting

Powder and

Fuse; Long and

Short handle shovels;

Picks, Pick Handles, and

Sluice Forks; Pannikins, Gold

Dishes, Billies: Galvanised Iron

Buckets; American Tubs, Buckets, and

Brooms; Axes and Hammers; Manilla Rope

for mining purposes; Drilling Hammers and

Handles; White Lead; Castor Oil in bulk;

Washing-boards; Brushware of every

description; Nails; Canvas; Hose

Pipes.—Contracts undertaken

for supplying Mining Co.'s

with Material of all

kinds, on liberal

terms. Free

delivery

DAVID A. JOLLY & CO.'s

DEPOT FOR MINING TOOLS,

CROMWELL.



SANSOM, SADDLER

AND

HARNESS-MAKER,

beg to inform the public that he is carrying on

business at the Premises lately occupied by Mr

Raven, in Cromwell, and trusts, by strict atten-

tion and moderate charges, to merit the public

patronage.

Collars, Pack-saddles, and Harness of every

description made on the premises.

Repairs done on the shortest notice.

### Cromwell Advertisement

#### I. HALLENSTEIN and Co.,

GENERAL IMPORTERS,

#### CROMWELL, QUEENSTOWN, ARROWTOWN, & MELBOURNE.

WE have much pleasure in calling the attention of the inhabitants generally to our Large Stock, as enumerated in this advertisement. It does not detail *all* the articles we keep, for to do so would be almost impossible. We have endeavoured to enumerate all the principal articles of each class; but every want necessary in a Mining, Agricultural, and Pastoral community can be supplied.

All our purchases being for cash, we thus possess an advantage that few are able to avail themselves of.

We therefore respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage hitherto bestowed, with the conviction that all orders entrusted to our care will be promptly executed, and the articles found to be of good value.

**Drapery.**—The attention of Ladies is respectfully directed to this Department. It will be found replete with all the latest novelties from the Melbourne markets, and arrangements have been made for regular shipments per each steamer.

Dresses, in silks, fancy and black; alpacas, challies, mohairs, wineys, muslins, prints, coburgs, Shawls, all-wool plaids, French merinos, skirtings, jackets, &c.

**Hosiery, gloves, handkerchiefs, laces, trimmings of all kinds.**

**Ladies' and Children's Underclothing.**—Our stock will be found the largest and best-assorted on the Gold-fields.

**Ladies' and Children's Hats, trimmed and untrimmed.**

**Feathers, flowers, corslets, chignons, &c.**

A large assortment of white and coloured flannels, serge and cricketing; calicoes and sheetings; and every other article required in the trade.

**Slop Department.**—Men's Suits, Paget and sac; boys' ditto, Leopold, Stanley, sac, and knickerbocker; Trousers and vests, all kinds.

Trousers, in silk mixture, doeskin, tweed, cotton, Bedford cord, and moleskin

Shirts—white dress, regatta, Crimean, serge, Scotch twill, tweed, and Jain

Pants and under-shirts, in flannel, lambswool, serge, merino, and cotton

Men's and boys' Hosiery, of all kinds

Hats—straw, merino, tweed, silk-stitched, felt, and plush, in all the latest shapes

Waterproof coats, overalls, leggings and sou'-westers; monkey jackets and pilot coats

All the above Goods are to our special order.

**Boots and Shoes.**—A splendid assortment, consisting of:

Ladies', girls', and children's boots, in kid, cashmere, morocco, and leather

Slippers—canvass, patent leather (plain and fur-trimmed), sheepskin, and carpet

Men's and boys' boots—elastic-side, Balmoral, Blucher, Wellington, half-Wellington, and riding boots; Colonial water-tights, made to our order in Melbourne

Gum boots—Hayward's North British, and Liverpool; Hardy's nuggets.

**Carpets.**—In tapestry, felt, all-wool Kidderminster, drugget; hearth-rugs.

**Matting.**—China and coir; oilcloth, door-mats.

**Ironmongery, Mining Tools, and Agricultural Implements.**—Anvils, axes, adzes, balances, bells, bags, blacking, brushes (all kinds), baking-dishes, billies, braces and bits, black-lead, bellows, boilers, bedsteads, bolts, blocks, candlesticks, chains (various), candle-moulds, colanders, compasses, chisels, oil-scuttles, scoop and vase; corkscrews, coffin furniture, cash-boxes, door-scrappers, drippers, egg-whisks, slice and cups; fuse, frying-pans, funnels, files, fenders and fire-irons, fish-hooks, ginablets, grindstones, grates, grinders (all kinds), hoes, jelly-moulds, knives, a large assortment; knives and forks, knife-boards, kettles, lanterns, locks, ladies, milk-dishes, cans, strainers, sieves, and yokes; measuring tapes, mops, mallets, nails, of every kind, pitch, picks, pumps, powder, pincers, piping, ploughs, quoits, quicksilver, rules, rope, resin, rivets, rasp, rakes, ship scrapers, sickles and bats, slop-pails, saws of all kinds, sieves, seaming twine, sponges, scoops, sheep-shears, saucepans, shovels and spades, spirit-levels, soldering-irons, soilder, spokeshaves, shot, steel-yards, scales, screws, staves, stewpans, teapots, trowels, tar, tacks, tubs, tongs, vices, waiters, washing boards and powder, window furniture of all kinds, writing cases, zinc, &c., &c.

**Timber and Building Materials.**—Shelving, 12 and 14 inches wide; T. and G. lumber

T. and G. Scotch Flooring, 1, 1½, 2, 2½, 3, 3½, 4, 4½, 5, 5½, 6, 6½, 7, 7½, 8, 8½, 9, 9½, 10, 10½, 11, 11½, 12, 12½, 13, 13½, 14, 14½, 15, 15½, 16, 16½, 17, 17½, 18, 18½, 19, 19½, 20, 20½, 21, 21½, 22, 22½, 23, 23½, 24, 24½, 25, 25½, 26, 26½, 27, 27½, 28, 28½, 29, 29½, 30, 30½, 31, 31½, 32, 32½, 33, 33½, 34, 34½, 35, 35½, 36, 36½, 37, 37½, 38, 38½, 39, 39½, 40, 40½, 41, 41½, 42, 42½, 43, 43½, 44, 44½, 45, 45½, 46, 46½, 47, 47½, 48, 48½, 49, 49½, 50, 50½, 51, 51½, 52, 52½, 53, 53½, 54, 54½, 55, 55½, 56, 56½, 57, 57½, 58, 58½, 59, 59½, 60, 60½, 61, 61½, 62, 62½, 63, 63½, 64, 64½, 65, 65½, 66, 66½, 67, 67½, 68, 68½, 69, 69½, 70, 70½, 71, 71½, 72, 72½, 73, 73½, 74, 74½, 75, 75½, 76, 76½, 77, 77½, 78, 78½, 79, 79½, 80, 80½, 81, 81½, 82, 82½, 83, 83½, 84, 84½, 85, 85½, 86, 86½, 87, 87½, 88, 88½, 89, 89½, 90, 90½, 91, 91½, 92, 92½, 93, 93½, 94, 94½, 95, 95½, 96, 96½, 97, 97½, 98, 98½, 99, 99½, 100, 100½, 101, 101½, 102, 102½, 103, 103½, 104, 104½, 105, 105½, 106, 106½, 107, 107½, 108, 108½, 109, 109½, 110, 110½, 111, 111½, 112, 112½, 113, 113½, 114, 114½, 115, 115½, 116, 116½, 117, 117½, 118, 118½, 119, 119½, 120, 120½, 121, 121½, 122, 122½, 123, 123½, 124, 124½, 125, 125½, 126, 126½, 127, 127½, 128, 128½, 129, 129½, 130, 130½, 131, 131½, 132, 132½, 133, 133½, 134, 134½, 135, 135½, 136, 136½, 137, 137½, 138, 138½, 139, 139½, 140, 140½, 141, 141½, 142, 142½, 143, 143½, 144, 144½, 145, 145½, 146, 146½, 147, 147½, 148, 148½, 149, 149½, 150, 150½, 151, 151½, 152, 152½, 153, 153½, 154, 154½, 155, 155½, 156, 156½, 157, 157½, 158, 158½, 159, 159½, 160, 160½, 161, 161½, 162, 162½, 163, 163½, 164, 164½, 165, 165½, 166, 166½, 167, 167½, 168, 168½, 169, 169½, 170, 170½, 171, 171½, 172, 172½, 173, 173½, 174, 174½, 175, 175½, 176, 176½, 177, 177½, 178, 178½, 179, 179½, 180, 180½, 181, 181½, 182, 182½, 183, 183½, 184, 184½, 185, 185½, 186, 186½, 187, 187½, 188, 188½, 189, 189½, 190, 190½, 191, 191½, 192, 192½, 193, 193½, 194, 194½, 195, 195½, 196, 196½, 197, 197½, 198, 198½, 199, 199½, 200, 200½, 201, 201½, 202, 202½, 203, 203½, 204, 204½, 205, 205½, 206, 206½, 207, 207½, 208, 208½, 209, 209½, 210, 210½, 211, 211½, 212, 212½, 213, 213½, 214, 214½, 215, 215½, 216, 216½, 217, 217½, 218, 218½, 219, 219½, 220, 220½, 221, 221½, 222, 222½, 223, 223½, 224, 224½, 225, 225½, 226, 226½, 227, 227½, 228, 228½, 229, 229½, 230, 230½, 231, 231½, 232, 232½, 233, 233½, 234, 234½, 235, 235½, 236, 236½, 237, 237½, 238, 238½, 239, 239½, 240, 240½, 241, 241½, 242, 242½, 243, 243½, 244, 244½, 245, 245½, 246, 246½, 247, 247½, 248, 248½, 249, 249½, 250, 250½, 251, 251½, 252, 252½, 253, 253½, 254, 254½, 255, 255½, 256, 256½, 257, 257½, 258, 258½, 259, 259½, 260, 260½, 261, 261½, 262, 262½, 263, 263½, 264, 264½, 265, 265½, 266, 266½, 267, 267½, 268, 268½, 269, 269½, 270, 270½, 271, 271½, 272, 272½, 273, 273½, 274, 274½, 275, 275½, 276, 276½, 277, 277½, 278, 278½, 279, 279½, 280, 280½, 281, 281½, 282, 282½, 283, 283½, 284, 284½, 285, 285½, 286, 286½, 287, 287½, 288, 28

Cromwell



CROMWELL.

FREE TRADE BUTCHERY,  
(Wholesale and Retail).

JAMES DAWKINS - PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Beef, Mutton, Veal, Pork, Hams, Bacon, &amp;c., always on hand.

Meat delivered at Town Prices throughout the district.

BEEF, BY THE QUARTER, 3*1/2*d per lb.CROMWELL BUTCHERY  
(WHOLESALE AND RETAIL),

OWEN PIERCE - PROPRIETOR.

A supply of Meat of all descriptions always on hand, and sold at the Lowest Prices.

KARL PRETSCH,  
COACH & GENERAL PAINTER,  
etc.,

Has now PAPERHANGINGS, PAINTS of every description, GLASS, and MOULDINGS, on Sale at Low Prices.

Contracts undertaken for General Painting, Decoration, and Sign Writing.

Buggies and Vehicles of every description painted in the best style.

Colours Prepared in any Shade required

Address: Next door but one to MARSH'S BRIDGE HOTEL. CROMWELL.

BELFAST STORE,  
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.WINES, SPIRITS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, COLONIAL PRODUCE,  
&c. &c. &c.

JAMES HAZLETT

Begs to inform the Public of the Dunstan District that, in connection with his established business of ten years at Clyde, he has opened EXTENSIVE PREMISES AT CROMWELL, where he will be able to supply the Trade, Runholders, Farmers, and Private Families, with EVERY CLASS OF GOODS, of the very best description, at the lowest current rates.

JAMES HAZLETT would particularly mention that in the FLOUR &amp; COLONIAL PRODUCE BUSINESS he can defy competition, as in that line he is in connection with Messrs WHITTINGHAM BROTHERS, of Queenstown, who are the largest buyers in the Lake District.

J. HAZLETT, being a CASH BUYER in the Dunedin and Melbourne Markets, feels confident he can sell the cheapest and best article in the District, and invites a visit from Purchasers.

Note the address:

JAMES HAZLETT,  
CLYDE AND CROMWELL.JULES LA FONTAINE,  
WHEELWRIGHT,

Begs to inform the public that he has now arranged to remain in CROMWELL constantly, and that he is prepared to execute all orders and repairs with which he may be intrusted.

Premises in Cromwell:

Opposite the Bank of New South Wales.

PLASHETTS COLLIERY,  
(adjoining Richards's Ferry.)DAGG, PRIMATE, & BENNETT,  
COAL MERCHANTS,  
CROMWELL,

Are now supplying HOUSEHOLD COAL of very superior quality at current prices,—viz., 20s. per ton at the pit, or 32s. per ton delivered.

The seam of coal in the PLASHETTS COLLIERY is admittedly the best ever opened in the district, and the proprietors confidently solicit a share of public patronage.

Regular Customers may depend upon being kept constantly supplied.

Cromwell

## GREAT CLEARING SALE

—OR—

DRAPERY, CLOTHING  
AND BOOTS!

FOR ONE MONTH ONLY,

—AT—

LONDON HOUSE, CROMWELL.

## BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

IN

NEW	GOODS	Fancy Dresses ...	11s 6d	IN	Fancy Dresses ...	11s 6d
RE	NEW	Checked Camlets	13s 6d	IN	Checked Camlets	13s 6d
RE	NEW	Figured Sateens	17s 6d	IN	Figured Sateens	17s 6d
RE	NEW	Printed Lustres	15s 6d	IN	Printed Lustres	15s 6d
RE	NEW	New Prints	0s 7d	IN	New Prints	0s 7d
RE	NEW	Hoyles Prints	0s 8d	IN	Hoyles Prints	0s 8d
RE	NEW	New Prints	0s 9d	IN	New Prints	0s 9d
RE	NEW	Diaper Prints	0s 10d	IN	Diaper Prints	0s 10d

Winceys, 11d

Winsey Skirtings, 1s 3d per yard

Ladies' White Cotton Hose, 10d

Ladies' White Cotton Hose, 1s

Ladies' Best Cotton Hose, 1s 3d

Children's White Socks, from 4d

Lace Ties, 1s

Ladies' Corsets, 4s 6d

Muslin Bows, 1s 6d

Ladies' Corsets, 5s 6d

Lace Collars, 9d

Superior Corsets, 6s 6d

Ladies' Chemises, 5s 6d

Night Dresses, 4s 11d

Trim'd Chemises, 7s 6d

Trimmed ditto, 5s 6d

REAL LACE CHEMISSETTES.

BARGAINS

White Calico, 5*1/2*d

Brown Holland, 10d

White Calico, 6*1/2*d

Brown Holland, 11d

Best Calico, 7*1/2*d

White Flannel, 1s 3d

Grey Calico, 6d

Welsh Flannel, 1s 6d

Best Grey Calico, 8d

All Wool, 1s 6d

Ladies' trimmed and untrimmed Straw Hats.

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Tweed Trousers, 11s 6d

Tweed Coats, 16s 6d

Nelson Tweed, 15s 6d

Best ditto, 19s 6d

Corded Tweed, 16s 6d

Tweed Suits, 35s

Mole Trousers, 8s 6d

Bannockburn Tweed, 60s

Best ditto, 9s 6d

Youths' Eton Suits, 35s

SHIRTS. SHIRTS. SHIRTS.

Crimeans, 6s 6d

Under flannels, 6s 6d

Crimeans, 7s 6d

Under flannels, 7s

Cripe, 8s 6d

Best ditto, 7s 6d

Jean, 3s 6d

Serge Drawers, 5s 6d

Harvard, 4s 6d

Knitted Drawers, 7s 6d.

FELT HATS, 4s 6d.

BOOTS! BOOTS! BOOTS!

Ladies' kid Boots, 8s 6d

Men's E.S. Boots, 12s 6d

Ladies' kid Boots, 8s 11

Men's E.S. Boots, 14s 6d

Cashmere Boots, 9s 6d

Watertights, 15s 6d.

## W. TALBOYS

Would call the attention of the Public to the VEV LOW PRICES quoted, and earnestly solicits an early visit, as the whole of the above must be sold to raise money to purchase Winter Stock.

Books Closed during Sale.

KAWARAU HOTEL,  
CROMWELL.

FREDERICK BASTINGS

Begs to thank the Inhabitants, and also Visitors to Cromwell, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since taking the above establishment, and hopes to merit a continuance of the same.

ALES, WINES, AND SPIRITS  
of the best brands.

GOOD STABLING,

With Efficient Groom in attendance.

BEFORE purchasing your WATCHES,  
CLOCKS, and JEWELLERY, call on

E. MURRELL,

and inspect his CHOICE STOCK of the above articles.

As all his Watches and Clocks are TAKEN TO PIECES, CLEANED, and ADJUSTED before they are delivered, Customers may depend on getting an article that will give satisfaction.

All kinds of WATCHES, CLOCKS, and  
MUSICAL BOXES cleaned  
and repaired.

Jewellery made and repaired.—Pipes mounted.

Observe the address:

NEXT MARSH'S BRIDGE HOTEL.

CHARLES COLCLOUGH,  
SHAREBROKER, COMMISSION  
AGENT,  
ARBITRATOR, AND ACCOUNTANT,  
CROMWELL.

Having arranged to devote my time exclusively to these occupations, business entrusted to my care will receive every attention.

Cromwell

## SUMMER DRAPERY.

Ex Otago and Hydaspe.

We are now opening out

## 37 PACKAGES OF DRAPERY,

specially suited for the Summer Season, which have been personally selected and bought for CASH, and will be disposed of at VERY LOW PRICES to suit the times.

Our new Stock comprises all the latest novelties from London and Paris. Being too varied to particularise, we enumerate only LEADING LINES.

Ladies' Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, in Dolly Varden, Mandarin, Neilson, and Sydney,—all newest shapes.

Girls' ditto.

Ladies' Dresses in Silks, Mohairs, Grenadines,

Muslins, Merinos, Prints, &amp;c. &amp;c.

Ladies' Chemisettes, Ties, and Sleeves,—a great variety.

Sunshades,—all kinds.

Ladies' and Children's Underclothing,

&amp;c. &amp;c. &amp;c.

Men's and Boys' Clothing, in immense variety.

## THE LARGEST STOCK OF DRAPERY ON THE GOLD-FIELDS.—AN INSPECTION INVITED.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.  
Drapers and Importers.

WINES. SPIRITS. GROCERIES.

IN Order to meet the increasing requirements of the district, we have opened out in the above lines. By purchasing for CASH, and keeping the best class of goods obtainable, and selling them at reasonable prices, we trust to receive a share of patronage.

BRANDY—Hennessey's in case and bulk

RUM—best Jamaica

WHISKEY—Lorne Highland

Dunville's, Islay

PORT WINE—Offley's four grape

SHERRY—Gonzale's four diamond

COLONIAL WINE, GENEVA, OLD TOM, GINGER

WINE, CORDIALS, BITTERS (various), &amp;c. &amp;c.

GROCERIES

of the best quality, in

Teas, Coffees, Sugars, Canilles, Soaps, Raisins,

Currants, Sauces, Oysters, Salmon,

&amp;c. &amp;c.

I. HALLENSTEIN & CO.,  
GENERAL IMPORTERS,

Cromwell, Queenstown, Arrow, and

Melbourne.

## NOTICE.

WE, the undersigned, beg to inform the inhabitants of the Crom well, Alexandra, and Clyde districts that we have appointed

I. Hallenstein and Co., Cromwell,

As our only AGENTS for the sale of our Silk-dressed

FLOUR, BRAN, AND POLLARD.

We guarantee all Flour branded with our name, and obtained through the above agents.

ROBERTSON &amp; HALLENSTEIN,

Brunswick Flour Mills,

LAKE WAKATIP.

## CROMWELL PUBLIC LIBRARY.

The Reading-room is open to Subscribers on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays.

The Library contains an extensive variety of Books in every department of literature; and about £60 worth of New Works is expected to arrive shortly from Great Britain.

All the Provincial Newspapers, and a number of English Papers and Periodicals, are regularly received for the use of Subscribers.

Annual Subscription, £1 1s; Half-Yearly 12s 6d; Quarterly, 7s 6d.

JUST ARRIVED.—A Large Lot of  
PAPERHANGINGS and FURNITURE;  
CHEFFONIERS, CHILDREN'S COTS, &c., &c.

JAMES TAYLOR,

## Bannockburn

WILLIAM SUTHERLAND & CO.,  
(Late of Legantown),  
GENERAL BLACKSMITHS & FARRIERS.  
Beg to intimate to Mining Companies and the  
public generally that they have removed to  
QUARTZVILLE, next to HAZLETT'S Carrick  
Range Hotel, where they hope, by strict attention  
to business and reasonable charges, to merit  
a share of their patronage.

## BANNOCKBURN COAL MINE.

J. SMITH,

## COAL MERCHANT,

Having obtained a lease of the above well-known Coal Works, begs to inform the residents at Bannockburn, Carrick Range, Bendigo, Kawarau Gorge, and throughout the district, that he is prepared to SUPPLY (in any quantity) COAL of excellent quality, at 12s. per ton taken from the pit's mouth; or, delivered, 1s 9d per bag and upwards, according to distance. 105

## IMPORTANT NOTICE.

## WALLSEND COAL MINE.

## TO MEET THE TIMES.

JAMES LAWRENCE and Co. are prepared to deliver COALS, of a superior quality, at the Pit's MOUTH at 12s. per ton; or at STUART'S FERRY (Cromwell Side) at 24s. per ton. The price delivered in CROMWELL will be 32s. per ton.

Orders left at Bridge Hotel, Cromwell, will be attended to.

Back loading taken.

## Clyde

## NOTICE.

## EAMES &amp; STANBROOK,

Having commenced business as

## LICENSED AUCTIONEERS,

## APPRASERS, AND

## GENERAL AGENTS,

Will be happy to receive instructions for SALES in any part of the Province of Otago; and all Commissions entrusted to them will receive prompt attention.

OFFICES: CROMWELL &amp; CLYDE.

1st January 1873.

## MEDICAL HALL, CLYDE.

M. MARSHALL,  
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST,  
SUNDERLAND-ST., CLYDE.

Prescriptions carefully prepared.

## BOOKSELLER, STATIONER, AND NEWS VENDER.

Importer of English, Foreign, and Colonial Newspapers and Magazines.

Libraries and Magazine Clubs supplied at a small advance upon English prices.

## Alexandra

MANUHERIKIA BREWERY,  
ALEXANDRA

THEYERS & BECK beg to announce that they are prepared to supply their SPARKLING XXXX ALES in any quantity. Delivered free of carriage within twenty miles.

Orders left with  
Mr THEYERS, Alexandra;  
Mr C. P. BECK, Clyde;

At the BREWERY, will be promptly attended to.

THEYERS AND BECK,  
BREWERS,  
ALEXANDRA.

## Queenstown

ROBERT BOYNE,  
GENERAL STOREKEEPER  
AND NEWS AGENT,  
Queenstown, Lake Wakatipu.

A large stock of Groceries and other goods on hand. Importer of English and Colonial Newspapers. Orders punctually attended to, and newspapers forwarded to any part of the district.

Agent for the CROMWELL ARGUS.

## Queenstown

[A CARD.]

D. P. O. W. E. L. L.,  
AUCTIONEER, &c.  
SALE ROOMS - BALLARAT-STREET,  
QUEENSTOWN.  
OFFICE:  
Ballarat-st. (opposite the Family Hotel)



THE RIGHT MAN IN THE RIGHT PLACE.

W. J. B. A. R. Y.,  
at the  
PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL,  
QUEENSTOWN.

Having leased from Mr W. MACLARN the above well-known and old-established premises, the undersigned respectfully solicits a continuance of the liberal and extensive patronage so long accorded to his predecessor.

The accommodation at the PRINCE OF WALES is unsurpassed.

LIVERY: 6s. per night.

English Grass Paddocks for Horses.

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL,  
Corner of Beach and Rees Streets,  
QUEENSTOWN.

W. J. B. A. R. Y.

## Arrowtown

R. P. R. I. T. C. H. A. R. D.,  
Wholesale and Retail Storekeeper,  
WINE, SPIRIT, AND PROVISION MERCHANT,  
ARROWTOWN.

The largest and best-assorted stock of Wines, Spirits, Groceries, and Provisions in the district. A well-assorted stock of Boots and Shoes, Drapery, &c.

Agent for

T. ROBINSON & Co.,  
Agricultural Implement Manufacturers,  
Dunedin and Melbourne.

## Bendigo

JOSIAH MITCHINSON,  
Wholesale and Retail  
STOREKEEPER,  
WINE, SPIRIT, AND PROVISION MERCHANT,

WAKEFIELD STORE,  
(Near Cromwell Quartz Co.'s Machine),  
BENDIGO.

## GOODS DELIVERED

At all parts of the Reefs.

## BENDIGO POST OFFICE

Interest at the rate of 12½ per cent charged on all accounts due over two months.

## Luggate

A LBION HOTEL AND STORE,  
LUGGATE,

28 miles from Cromwell, on the main road to Lake Wanaka.

H. MAIDMAN ..... Proprietor.

This well-known Hotel possesses every accommodation for the comfort and convenience of travellers.

Groceries, Clothing, Drapery, Ironmongery, Mining Tools, &c., &c., constantly on hand, at Cromwell prices.

## GOOD STABLING.

N. B. - District Post Office.

## Wanaka

## WANAKA HOTEL, PEMBROKE

The above hotel, which is delightfully situated on the margin of the Wanaka Lake, offers to the tourist and pleasure-seeker advantages rarely to be met with.

The scenery in the neighbourhood is exceedingly picturesque; and on an Island in the Lake there is excellent rabbit-shooting.

An excellent Four-stalled STABLE, and a PADDOCK, for horses.

THEODORE RUSSELL,

Proprietor.

PRINTING  
THE ART PRESERVATIVE OF ALL ARTS.CROMWELL ARGUS  
General Printing Office,

MELMORE TERRACE.

MATTHEWS & FENWICK,  
MERCANTILE AND DECORATIVE  
PRINTERS,  
EXECUTE ORDERS FOR

PRINTING  
OF EVERY KIND

In the most modern styles of the Art.

## BOOK AND PAMPHLET WORK

Unsurpassed in the Colony.

PLAIN, ENAMELLED, CARDS  
COLORED, EMBOSSED,

In endless variety of style.

## ADMISSION TICKETS

For Balls, Concerts, Lectures, Entertainments, Soirees, &amp;c. &amp;c.

## BALL PROGRAMMES,

NEWEST STYLES.

## Business &amp; Invitation Circulars,

Printed in New and Elegant Type,  
ON FINE POST OR FANCY NOTE PAPER.

## MINING COMPANIES' SCRIP,

(Superior to Lithographed)

ON FIRST-CLASS LOAN PAPER.

## POSTERS,

ANY SIZE,

BLACK OR COLOURED INKS.

## ILLUMINATED SHOW-CARDS,

SUPERB DESIGNS,

In Coloured Inks or Gold Bronze.

## Receipt and Delivery Books

Neatly printed and strongly bound.

## Catalogues, Hand Bills, Programmes,

Labels, Memo.'s, Societies' Rules,

Bags and Wrapping Papers,

Prospectuses, Envelopes,

Ale &amp; Porter Labels,

Circular Labels,

---AND---

## EVERY OTHER KIND OF PRINTING!

*Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne* - Multitudes of people are hopelessly suffering from Debility, Nervous and Liver complaints, depression of spirits, delusions, unfitness for business or study, failure of hearing, sight, and memory, lassitude, want of power, &c., &c., whose cases admit of a permanent cure by the new remedy PHOSPHODYNE (ozone oxygen), which at once allays all irritation and excitement, imparts new energy and life to the enfeebled constitution, and rapidly cures every stage of these hitherto incurable and distressing maladies. Sold by all chemists and stockkeepers throughout the colonies, from whom pamphlets containing testimonials may be obtained. Caution: Be particular to ask Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne, as imitations are abroad. Wholesale Agents for New Zealand: - Kempthorne, Prosser, & Co., Dunedin.

Amputation and mortification no doubt prevented by Holloway's Ointment and Pills. - Extract of a letter, dated Chesterton, January 6th, 1848: - "To Professor Holloway - Sir: I beg to state, for your satisfaction and the information of the afflicted, the perfect cure your Ointment and Pills have effected on me. I have had a very bad leg since June last, caused by a bruise. So bad was it that gangrene set in, which made me apprehensive that amputation would be indispensable, - but, thank God, by the use of your invaluable Ointment and Pills, it is now perfectly healed, and is quite sound. - (Signed) James M. Duncan, Principal of the Chesterton Day School."

## ALL CURES MADE EASY!

## HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Bad Legs, Ulcers &amp; Sores, Bad Breasts, and Old Wounds.

No description of wound, sore, or ulcer can resist the healing properties of this excellent Ointment. The worst cases readily assume a healthy appearance whenever this medicament is applied; a sound flesh springs up from the bottom of the wound, inflammation of the surrounding skin is arrested, and a complete and permanent cure quickly follows the use of the Ointment.

Piles, Fistulas, and Internal Inflammation.

These distressing and weakening diseases may with certainty be cured by the sufferers themselves, if they will use Holloway's Ointment, and closely attend to the printed instructions. It should be well rubbed upon the neighbouring parts, when all obnoxious matter will be removed. A poultice of bread and water may sometimes be applied at bed-time with advantage; the most scrupulous cleanliness must be observed. If those who read this paragraph will bring it under the notice of such of their acquaintance whom it may concern, they will render a service which will never be forgotten, as a cure is certain.

Rheumatism, Gout, and Neuralgia.

Nothing has the power of reducing inflammation and subduing pain in these complaints in the same degree as Holloway's cooling Ointment and purifying Pills. When used simultaneously, they drive all inflammation and depravities from the system, subdue and remove all enlargement of the joints, and leave the sinews and muscles lax and uncontracted. A cure may always be effected even under the worst circumstances, if the use of these medicines be persevered in.

*Eruptions, Scald Head, Ringworm, and other Skin Diseases.*

After fomentation with warm water, the utmost relief and speediest cure can be readily obtained of all complaints affecting the skin and joints, by the simultaneous use of the Ointment and Pills. But it must be remembered that almost all skin diseases indicate depravity of the blood and derangement of the liver and stomach; consequently, in many cases, time is required to purify the blood, which will be effected by a judicious use of the Pills. The general health will readily be improved, although the eruption may be driven out more freely than before; and this should be promoted. Perseverance is necessary.

*Sore Throats, Diphtheria, Quinsy, Mumps, and all other Derangements of the Throat.*

On the appearance of any of these maladies, the Ointment should be well rubbed, at least thrice a day, upon the neck and upper part of the chest, so as to penetrate to the glands, as salt is forced into meat. This course will at once remove inflammation and ulceration. The worst cases will yield to this treatment if the printed directions be followed.

*Scofula, or King's Evil, and Swelling of the Glands.*

This class of cases may be cured by Holloway's purifying Pills and Ointment, as their double action of purifying the blood and strengthening the system renders them more suitable than any other remedy for all complaints of a scrofulous nature. As the blood is impure, the liver, stomach, and bowels, being much deranged, require purifying medicine to bring about a cure.

*Both Ointment and Pills should be used in the following Disorders:*

Bad Legs	Scalds
Bad Breasts	Sore Nipples
Burns	Sore Throats
Bunions	Skin Diseases
Bite of Mosquitoes	Scurvy
and Sandflies	Sore Heads
Coco-bay	Tumours
Chiego-foot	Ulcers
Chilblains	Wounds and Yaws
Fistulas	Cancers
Gout	Contracted and Stiff Joints
Glandular Swellings	Lumbago
Lumbago	Elephantiasis
Piles	Clapped Hands
Rheumatism	Corns (soft)

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B. - Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box, and can be had in any language - even in Chinese.

## The Cromwell Argus

IS PUBLISHED

EVERY TUESDAY AFTERNOON,

And delivered the same day.

BY SPECIAL MESSENGERS, THROUGHOUT THE DISTRICT.

## SUBSCRIPTION:

SIX SHILLINGS P QUARTER.

## CASUAL ADVERTISEMENTS:

Each insertion under four, per inch..... 3/-  
On four or more insertions, a reduction of 25 %

## STANDING ADVERTISEMENTS

On still more liberal terms.

**WANTED**, a COOK.—Apply at once to the MANAGER, Kawarau Station.

**WANTED**, an APPRENTICE to the PRINTING BUSINESS. Must be well educated.—Apply at the ARGUS Office.

V. R.

DURING the absence of Mr BAIRD on sick leave, the R.M. and Warden's Office at Cromwell will be open on the following days, viz.:

MONDAY, THURSDAY, and FRIDAY of each week.

W. LAWRENCE SIMPSON,  
R.M. and Warden.

NOTICE.

BANK OF NEW ZEALAND.

AN AGENCY of the above Bank has this day been opened in MELMORE TERRACE, CROMWELL.

ROBT. M'OWEN, Agent.  
Cromwell, Nov. 25, 1872.

IMPORTANT TO THE PUBLIC.

JAGGAR AND HARDING, having entered into partnership, Will be prepared to deliver their NEW BREW of UNEQUALLED BEER immediately.

J. HARDING  
A. H. JAGGAR.

February 3, 1873.

BUCHAN BROTHERS, (Late of Dunedin),

GENERAL BLACKSMITHS AND FARRIERS, Beg to inform the inhabitants of Cromwell and the surrounding district that they have COMMENCED BUSINESS in the premises lately occupied by WM. BARNES, and adjoining Heron's White Hart Hotel, where they are prepared to execute, at current rates, all branches of the above, including Repairs and Turnings in all kinds of Mining Machinery. By strict attention to business, combined with the supply of a good article, BUCHAN BROTHERS hope to earn a share of public patronage.

Cromwell, 10th February, 1873.

BRITISH STORES, NEVIS, 8th February, 1873.

I have much pleasure in informing my Customers and the Public that I have SOLD all my INTEREST in the BRITISH STORES to MR A. SPENCE, and solicit for him a continuance of the very liberal support I have received for the last nine years.

GEO. CARNABY.

In reference to the above advertisement, I beg to state that it will be my constant study to merit the continuance of the patronage bestowed on my predecessor. At the same time, I beg to intimate that EXTENSIVE ALTERATIONS will be made in the PREMISES, whereby every ACCOMMODATION will be afforded to all classes of Customers.

A. SPENCE.

J. C. CHAPPLE, AUCTIONEER.

Any orders for Sales in the Cromwell District may be left at the ARGUS Office, and will meet with prompt attention.

D. E. N. T. I. S. T. R. Y. Established in Victoria, 1851; and in New Zealand, 1861.

Mr J. P. ARMSTRONG, SURGEON AND MECHANICAL DENTIST, Will VISIT CROMWELL professionally on or about the 1st of March. Enquiries to be made of Mr Bastings, Kawarau Hotel.

Children's Teeth Regulated; and Artificial Teeth supplied at Dunedin prices.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

Heart of Oak Shares.

Elizabeth Shares.

Star of the East Shares.

J. C. CHAPPLE is instructed to offer for sale by public auction, on an early date, at the TOWN HALL, Cromwell, (immediately after the Government Land Sale,) 5 Shares in the Heart of Oak; 5 Shares in the Star of the East; and 5 Shares in the Elizabeth.

**CARDRONA ANNUAL RACES**

will be held on

S. T. PATRICK'S DAY,  
MONDAY, MARCH 17.

Particulars will be published in a future issue.

TO BE SOLD, a HALF SHARE in Licensed WATER RACE, carrying four sluice-heads; a good CLAIM, Tools, &c.; with HOUSE, and Garden in crop, at Quartz Reef Point. Apply to

GEO. JENOUR,  
Cromwell.

FOR SALE,—One FOURTH SHARE in the BANNOCKBURN WATER RACE.

Enquiries as to price, and other particulars, can be made on the Race, just above Kawarau Station.

F O R S A L E,  
THE CARRICK RANGE HOTEL,  
QUARTZVILLE.

Apply to Mr GEORGE FACHE, Clyde, or to THOS. HAZLETT,  
Quartzville.

T O L E T.

T H E HOUSE AND PREMISES, situate at Carrickton, known as the GOLDEN LINK HOTEL.

For particulars, apply to CHAS. COLCLOUGH,  
Cromwell.

£1 REWARD.

L O S T, between Lowburn, Kawarau Gorge, and Carrickton, a BUNDLE OF MINING PAPERS, of no use to any one but the owner.

Any person returning same to Mr G. BURRES, Kawarau Gorge, or to JOHN PERRIAM, Lowburn, will receive the above reward.

L.10 REWARD.

T H E above reward will be paid to any one who will give such information as will lead to the discovery of the person or persons who maliciously destroyed and injured portions of the untenanted House, lately occupied as an hotel, situate about one mile on the Cromwell side of the Rocky Point Ferry.

Information will be received, and payment of the reward made by

DUNCAN M'PHERSON,  
Rocky Point Ferry; or  
HUGH M'PHERSON,  
Albertown.

COLLEEN BAWN Q.M. COMPANY, REGISTERED.

TENDERS wanted, to SUPPLY the above Company with MINING TIMBER until 31st December, 1873.

Specifications may be seen at the Company's Office, Cromwell.

Tenders will be received up to 4 p.m. on Saturday, 22nd inst.

D. MACKELLAR,  
Legal Manager.

New Advertisements.

COLLEEN BAWN Q.M. COMPANY, REGISTERED.

ADJOURNED GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS.

The adjourned General Meeting will be held at the Company's Office, Cromwell, on SATURDAY, 8th March proximo, at 3 p.m.

Business:—To consider and pass Bye-laws, and transact any other business that may appear desirable.

D. MACKELLAR,

Manager.

A.O.F.

T H E COURT STAR OF CROMWELL intend to celebrate their anniversary by an INVITATION SUPPER to take place on FRIDAY, 7th MARCH.

**CORPORATION OF CROMWELL**

Notice is hereby given that the ASSESSMENT of all rateable property within the Town of CROMWELL for the year 1872-3 has been allowed by the Town Council, and may be inspected at my office, Council Chamber, Cromwell, daily, between the hours of 10 a.m. and 4 p.m. by any person interested therein.

N.B.—Any person wishing to appeal against his assessment must lodge notice of that intention within TWELVE DAYS from this date.

Every such notice must be in the form given in the Ordinance of 1865.

H. W. SMYTHIES,  
Cromwell, Feb. 17, 1873. Town Clerk.

**VALUABLE COAL MINE**

IN THE

ST. BATHANS DISTRICT.

For Sale or Lease,

WELSHMAN'S GULLY COAL PIT, comprising an area of TEN ACRES, held under TWENTY-ONE YEARS' LEASE from the Provincial Government, together with all requisite appliances for working the mine at a minimum cost.

The quality of the Welshman's Gully Coal is well known to be unsurpassed and the fact of this being the only Coal Mine in the district should be a sufficient indication of its value as an investment.

If preferred, the undersigned are prepared to treat for the disposal of a HALF-INTEREST in the property.

Full particulars may be obtained on application to

D. MACKELLAR, or  
OWEN PIERCE,  
Cromwell.

**CROMWELL JOCKEY CLUB**

A meeting of members will be held in the TOWN HALL on FRIDAY, 21st inst., at 8 o'clock p.m.

Business:—To receive Auditor's report, &c.

WM. MacNAB,  
Secretary.

**MARRIAGE.**

On the 12th inst., at the Manse, Cromwell, by the Rev. B. Drake, Mr GEORGE WILLIAMS, of Cardrona, to Miss MARY DUNCAN, late of Aberdeen, Scotland.

**Cromwell Argus,**  
AND NORTHERN GOLD-FIELDS GAZETTE.

CROMWELL: TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1873.

The directors of the Carrick Range Water Supply Company have accepted tenders for cutting the 2½ miles of race to complete the work as far as Duffer's Saddle. The extent of race already finished is 3½ miles, and when the saddle is reached the distance cut will be 6½ miles. The directors have been much crippled for want of funds to carry on the work, and it is hoped that the appeal made to his Honor the Superintendent to assist them may result in his inducing the Colonial Executive to advance without further delay the amount of the loan applied for by the Company. The question of transferring the management of the Gold-fields to the General Government will shortly be discussed by the various Miners' Associations. If the manner in which the General Government have treated the Carrick Water Supply Company in regard to the promised loan,—harassing and delaying them at all points, heaping expense upon them for surveys and reports without end, and entirely without result as yet,—is to be accepted as a sample of what the General Government's "management" will be, the longer the consideration of the handing-over question is shelved the better for the Gold-fields.

The Cromwell Brass Band are making rapid progress, mainly owing to the perseverance and assiduity of Mr Whetter, who—free gratis and for nothing—devotes no small amount of time to their instruction, and brings to bear a knowledge of music and the art of teaching it such as is possessed by few. Already on one or two occasions, the Band have foretold the inhabitants of the town from the terrace, and their so rapidly acquired present proficiency speaks well for what they will yet be able to accomplish.

We are glad to hear that Archibald Blues, the miner whose shoulder-bone was accidentally broken at Carrickton last week, is in a fair way to recovery.

The Cromwell and Bannockburn Courts of Foresters have made a fresh agreement with Dr Lake, who will continue to act as their medical officer at the increased remuneration of £1 15s. each per annum. We are not aware whether the Loyal Cromwell Lodge is likely to concur in the arrangement.

We are requested to state that the auditors of the C.R.W.S. Co.'s accounts were unable to furnish their report in time for publication in this week's ARGUS.

A miner named Samuel Howell died somewhat suddenly at the Dunstan Hospital on Thursday last. The deceased, who has been resident at Bannockburn for about nine years, had for some time exhibited symptoms of failing health, but it was not till the day of his death that any serious results were apprehended. On the morning of the day mentioned, finding himself very unwell, the deceased, in company with his mate, Mr Charles Lawrence, left home and travelled in a light conveyance to the Hospital. They arrived there safely, and Mr Howell seated himself in the passage and asked one of the attendants to fetch him some water and a towel to wash himself with. While waiting for the water, deceased suddenly fell from his seat, and in a few seconds was dead. The Dunstan District Coroner, Mr W. L. Simpson, held an inquest on the remains on Saturday morning, and the jury found that the deceased died from natural causes. His heart, lungs, and liver were more or less diseased, and his death is attributed to a complication of internal disorders. On Sunday, the mortal remains of deceased were interred in the Cromwell Cemetery, and the funeral was numerously and respectfully attended. Nearly thirty Foresters of Court Royal Oak of Kawarau—of which deceased was an honorary member—joined in paying the last tribute to respect to the memory of their departed friend and neighbour. Mr Howell was a native of Carmarthenshire, North Wales, and was 45 years of age. His only relative in the Colony is a brother,—a member of the medical profession,—who is believed to reside at Geelong, Victoria.

The directors of the new National Bank of New Zealand have sent us (with their documents) a copy of their prospectus and a printed report of the first general meeting of shareholders, held in London on the 10th of last December. A Dunedin bookseller, also, has kindly sent us a handbill concerning the wares he has to sell. We fail to appreciate either the prospectus, report, or handbill. A half-column advertisement from the Bank, and another from our friend the bookseller, would be much more to our liking. In that case, perhaps we should not object to give either a short treatise on banking or a brief essay on family bibles.

Our readers will regret to hear that Mr John Hughes, J.P., and at one time, M.P.C., died. He had long been suffering from a severe and painful illness, which terminated fatally on the 11th inst., at his residence in Dunedin. Since the beginning of gold-fields history in Otago, Mr Hughes had been connected with it and he had politically represented gold-fields interests in the Provincial Council for some considerable time,—earning for himself as a result of his services thereby the rather flattering appellation of "Honest John." At the last provincial elections, he unsuccessfully sought to represent this district. Mr Hughes' funeral took place in Dunedin on the 13th inst., and was largely attended.

At the recent half-yearly meeting of the Education Board in Dunedin, the following matters are reported to have come on for consideration:—An application was made for a subsidy to the salary of the teacher of the Bannockburn School. It was agreed that the school be re-visited as a subsidised school, and that an allowance of £60 per annum be given to the master. A memorial was received from Kawarau Gorge for aid towards the establishment of a school there. The application was granted; the allowance to the teacher to be £60. There is a school building already provided.

The Taapeka races take place on the 20th and 21st inst. £120 is to be divided—connection with racing matters it may be mentioned that Mr Glassford has purchased Dray for £30.

An inquest was held at the Bend Hotel, Clyde, on the 8th inst., on the body of Mrs Martha Westwood, aged about 38, and wife of Robert Westwood, fruiterer. The evidence of the husband was that he, on the evening of the 5th inst., left his wife in apparently good health. On returning home on the 6th, he found her in the fowl-house helplessly drunk, which state she remained till she died next day. On leaving the house on the morning of the 7th, there were there—a quart bottle of rum, a quart bottle of whisky, and a bottle of brandy, and liquors were on his return nearly all consumed. Deceased had the rum bottle concealed in the clothes she was wearing. The post mortem examination showed that deceased's heart and kidneys were diseased, and the medical opinion was that the excessive drinking acting upon diseased organs was the cause of death. The verdict of the jury was—"Died from excessive drinking." Mr Westwood's conduct, in leaving his wife in such a drunken state in the house, was strongly censured.

Madame Cora de Lamond, the famous magician, according to the Dunstan Times, will be expected in this neighbourhood about the beginning of March.

Dunedin people ought to have some fun. We clip the following from the Dunstan Times:—Mr J. G. S. Grant will deliver a lecture in the lower hall of the Athenaeum, evening, on "Spiritualism—a loathsome superstition, insulting to God, degrading to man, subversive of the fundamental principles of religion and morality." Mr Grant challenges Peebles to single combat.

Chiari's circus is to open in Dunedin in two or three days.

Clayton and others *versus* Morrison and others, is an action now being tried in the Supreme Court at Lawrence. The rival parties are Blue Spur claim-owners, and the plaintiffs complain that through defendants' negligent working, &c., part of the claim fell into that of defendants, whereby a large quantity of auriferous earth is now converted to the use of defendants. Therefore the plaintiffs claim £6000. A fruitful case for the lawyers again, to all appearances.

Mr Stafford is shortly to address his constituents at Timaru; and Sir David Monro, also, at Waikouaiti.

Runholders have been striving anxiously lately after heavy land purchases. Mr A. M'Nab applied the other day to purchase 12,000 acres on his run, but he was refused permission. 4000 acres on Captain M'Kenzies run, near Pomahaka, are presently to be opened for sale.

Says the *Grey River Argus*:—"A case involving a question of considerable importance was heard in the Warden's Court, Inangahua, before Mr Warden Broad. Mr Frank Mathias, as Secretary to the Hit or Miss Company, Gaffney's Line, sued four shareholders, among whom were some well-known Greymouth gentlemen, for certain calls due. Mr Pitt appeared for the defence, and argued, among other reasons as a cause why the plaintiffs should be nonsuited, that the defendants were not liable, as the company had not been registered under the Act, and no deed of association had been signed. His Worship very properly overruled the objections, and ultimately gave a verdict for the plaintiffs with costs, remarking that he could not for a moment entertain the plea of non-indebtedness, as, were such a plea allowed, very few of the claims in the district could be worked. Their shares were protected by the certificate of registration, and such being the case, it could not be right that they should be able to deny liability or possession whenever they pleased to do so. Nothing was calculated to do the district more harm than to have difficulties thrown in the way of the miners obtaining contributions from defaulting shareholders."—Say we, "Hear, hear, Warden Broad!"

Chinese singing is thus described by the *Tuapeka Times*:—A noticeable feature of the New Year festivities at Chinatown was the vocal and instrumental performances by several Celestial musicians. The instruments used resemble the *kithera* of the ancient Greeks, and the strains produced in some instances bore striking affinity to those emitted by the Highland bagpipes. Some of the simpler tunes played were not unlike Scotch reels; while the more pretentious compositions rendered reminded us of no earthly sound, save the howling of a gale through the cordage of a full-rigged ship. The vocalists would drive an opera house full of people of musical tastes mad, in one minute thirty seconds by the watch. They sing in an unmelodious grating *falso*, and their songs were spun out to an unconscionable length. One magnificent flight of Mongolian genius in the way of a love song, warbled by a Chinese minstrel, will long lancinate our acoustic organs. He rendered passionate entreaty by a succession of screeches, such as Maggie gave when she seized the tail of Tam O'Shanter's mare at the Brig o' Doon, and the tender passages found expression in sounds compared to which the moaning of a suffering infant would be serene music. Pervading the whole, there was an independent strain as if some one was vigorously sharpening a saw in the immediate vicinity.

#### CORRESPONDENCE.

[We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by our correspondents.]

#### BAILIFF FOR CROMWELL.

To the Editor of the CROMWELL ARGUS.

Sir,—As one of your readers, I would beg to ask,—When the playing second fiddle to Clyde is to stop? I think it is near time. Something should be done, and the public should protest en masse.

I see a case reported in *Dunstan Times*, wherein a man by the name of Hudson, of Carrick, is dragged a distance of twenty miles to Clyde, where there is a court within seven miles of where the offence was committed. Would it not have been more humane to let the case stand over a few days, so as to be heard in the Cromwell Court?

We find now that the Clerk of our own Court is away, and consequently the Court is not open as much as it should be, which is bound to cause a great deal of inconvenience. I know several parties who have felt the inconvenience already, and it must be put a stop to.

The bailiff seems to spend a good share of his time up in Cromwell.

I say,—Let Clyde have as many Wardens and as many bailiffs as they like. In fact, I think it would be far better for the Government to subdivide the town, and keep them going. But for goodness' sake do not let an important district like this be neglected and inconvenienced for the sake of keeping Clyde going.

#### PROGRESS.

Amputation of Two Legs prevented by *Holloway's Pills and Ointment*.—Extract of a letter, dated Roscommon, Feb. 19, 1848.—Mr Ryan, proprietor of the hotel next to me, had two very bad legs, one with eight ulcers on it, the other with three. After spending some time in Dublin with several eminent medical men, he left with one of the two alternatives, to have both legs amputated or die. On his way home he met with a gentleman in the couch, who recommended him *Holloway's Pills and Ointment*, which he used, and, by their means, is now quite well.—Signed, Charles Tully, proprietor of the Roscommon Journal.

#### TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

#### DUNEDIN,

TUESDAY, 9 a.m.

The Charlotte Gladstone, from London, arrived on Saturday. During the passage, seventeen deaths occurred, from typhoid fever and other causes. The ship has been quarantined.

A meeting is advertised to be held for the purpose of taking steps to form an Otago Early Settlers' Association.

The Rev. Mr Peebles has intimated his willingness to meet any of the clergy on a public platform to discuss the principles of Spiritualism and of sectarian theology.

A serious fire occurred in Christchurch, destroying property to the value of £3000. The South British Insurance Co. loses £600.

Caledonian shares in Auckland are quoted at £12. South British Insurance Company's at 24s.

#### DISPENSATION OF JUSTICE.

(Communicated.)

Our visiting Magistrate appears to be steadily finding his way to the confidence of the people of this district. A fair amount of satisfaction results from the Bench decisions on the various cases presented for adjudication from time to time. No Magistrate who does his duty with justice to all parties concerned can ever be universally popular: it is not, in the nature of things, to be expected, or even desired. If one party gain, another must lose; and, as in all other games of chance, the losing party in law is very apt to think that some swerve of right, or some sleight of hand, has had something to do in placing him on the wrong side. Even Solomon's judgment had not the merit of universal popularity. Both mothers would have been equally satisfied with the division of the dead child, but when the living child was held up and the sword unsheathed, the true mother dashed forward to protest, and judgment went in her favour; and the feigned mother left the court to raise a party and rail against the king. It is gratifying, then, to remark that Mr Simpson has the credit among all classes of carrying his judicial ruling of the most complicated cases to such conclusions as result in general satisfaction to the community.

A noticeable case in support of this is the one which came before the Warden's Court last Thursday from Quartz Reef Point. The persons to the suit were M'Donald and party, Moon and party, and Campbell and party. Water is the one thing needful there as it is everywhere else; and just now scarcity has added preciousness to every drop. While the supply was equal to the demand, no one of the companies thought of raising the question of *legal ownership* to a few heads that reached the Point, and were used by one of the parties. It may be mentioned, also, that the proprietorship of the water in question had changed hands many times, so that those using it as well as those missing it were in doubt as to which company possessed the legal claim. Thus confused and complicated, the question was presented to the district Magistrate for adjudication last Thursday; and after hearing evidence on all sides, a final settlement was come to which has set the vexed question at rest, to the complete satisfaction of the three parties,—and what is more, of all the persons composing them. All decisions cannot in the nature of things be equally successful; but so long as patience and fair-mindedness rule in our courts, the decisions thence derived will always inspire confidence in a British community.

#### QUEENSTOWN.

(From our own Correspondent.)

February 17, 1873.

During the past month, the even tenor of our way has been broken by few events worthy of record. As Queenstown will probably, in the interim between the present system of mining and the introduction of English capital and consequent workings on a large scale, become simply a watering place for the dwellers in cities, I am happy to be able to state that the number of visitors is each year on the increase. During the present season, the Wakatip district has attracted tourists from most of the New Zealand provinces, and even from Victoria, Sydney, and Queensland. We have also been honoured by visits from a *vara avis* or two hailing from Great Britain. Mr Eichardt's Queen's Arms and Mr Powell's Family Hotel now afford accommodation and comforts fully equal to, if not surpassing, any to be obtained in the metropolis.

The Volunteer Corps has been resuscitated, and a large number of names (some seventy, I believe,) has been forwarded to Government as willing to join, should their offer be accepted,—and there is every reason to believe it will.

Mr H. J. Cope, of Lake Hayes, had a narrow escape from being killed last Saturday

afternoon. His team of three horses fell, with the dray and himself, over one of the perpendicular gullies on the Frankton road. One of the horses was killed, and it is wonderful that Mr Cope himself escaped. The road in many places makes very sharp turns, and accidents are of frequent occurrence.

Messrs Surman and Davis, of the Wakatip brewery, have dissolved partnership. Mr Davis retains the present business, and Mr Surman is about to erect another plant.

The Town Council, at their last meeting, had a disagreement with the Town Clerk, Mr Boulton, and that gentleman has tendered his resignation, unless a motion complained of is rescinded. As the Council was nearly evenly divided, and public opinion considers the Council's action most unjust, I hope to be able in my next to announce Mr Boulton's resumption of the office.

#### NEVIS.

(From a Correspondent.)

February 11, 1873.

So far as mining news is concerned, nothing of importance has occurred here since my last. Things maintain the same serene aspect, and we trill on from day to day at the dull round, wresting wealth—for others to enjoy—from the bosom of the grudging earth: fulfilling an inevitable, and what some people may call an unavoidable, destiny. But, as Othello says, "Who can resist his fate?" Conscious of this truth, we, the vanguard of civilisation, steel our hearts and fight on bravely, under a burden of taxes which would crush hearts less buoyant and break spirits less elastic, supporting a camp-following of parasites and loafers out of all proportion.

Changes are taking place in our little community, which, although they may be of little import to the outer world, are of some moment to us. Not long ago we had to deplore the loss of Mr George Starkey, whose good qualities had endeared him to many of us, and whose public spirit had made him a very valuable member of society, and now we have lost another public man in the person of Mr George Carnaby. The loss of Mr Carnaby will be felt in many ways. He has never failed to identify himself with the mining interest. His fair-dealing and uprightness in business are proverbial, and he leaves a name behind him that will long be remembered for all that is just and honourable. Nor will the loss of Mrs Carnaby be less felt, as she, being adorned with every Christian virtue that woman should possess, has exerted a beneficial influence over all whom a happy fortune brought into contact with her. The feeling of isolation which steals over us when we behold the old familiar faces, the old identities, vanish one by one from our sight, is only relieved by the hope that their successors may fill their places as satisfactorily. Mr and Mrs Carnaby proceed to England, where, while enjoying well-earned repose, let us hope the recollections of those whom they have left behind them on the Nevis, may not be altogether unpleasant.

Many and loud are the complaints made at the manner in which the Warden, or his Clerk, is treating us. Mrs Partington says comparisons are odorous; but, odious as they are, we cannot help regretting the days when Mr Robinson presided over us. In those days, no matter how deep the snow lay on the mountains, or how fiercely the storm raged, Mr Robinson kept his appointments, and when he came his presence was welcomed by all. We were rather proud of our Warden; his polished and gentlemanly deportment reminded us of the civilisation of the outer world; and he, in a manner, linked us with it. The urbanity and carefulness with which he did our mining business, and the evenhanded manner in which he dealt out justice, won golden opinions from all, and we were perfectly content to live under the régime of so good a magistrate. But "a change came o'er the spirit of our dream" when Mr Robinson's successor took his place, and for a time we were, so far as a Warden or his Clerk visiting us goes, left totally unprovided for. If we had any business to do with the Warden or his Court, we had to do it through the post-office, or travel to Cromwell or Clyde; and everyone who has had any experience of these ways knows that the former is unsatisfactory and the latter expensive. At length, after repeated remonstrances and complaints to the powers that were, it was ordained that a Warden's Clerk should visit us on the first Monday of every month. This arrangement, if it were carried out properly, would go a great length towards satisfying our requirements; but the gentleman to whom this duty was assigned has done it in such a style as would make it appear that he considers his own convenience paramount to the public welfare, and it is doubtful whether his visits are not productive of more harm than good. The visits he has paid us have taken place at irregular hours, and sometimes did not extend over half an hour. For the last two months we have had no visit at all. Now, this is altogether wrong. In a district like this, where the population is widely scattered, where the people have often to travel many miles to meet the Warden's Clerk, a stated day and a reasonable portion of that day should be allotted, and the appointment kept, so that those having business to do should not be disappointed and put to needless expense. There is no good reason why the clerk should not stay half a day here. This is nothing more than we are entitled to, and not so much as was done when this place was of less importance than it is now.

#### BENDIGO.

(From our own Correspondent.)

February 11, 1873.

It is remarked that correspondents invariably lead off with the weather; and as it is just now the all-absorbing topic here, I see no reason why I should depart from the rule. The intense drought still continues, and has at last brought all mining in this quarter to a dead stop: there is scarcely sufficient water in any of the ordinary channels for domestic purposes even: at the township of Wakefield, the inhabitants are compelled to carry it half-a-mile for household use. In consequence of this failure of our only wealth-producing power, business, as may be naturally expected, exists only in name: everybody is idle, and no money is being earned or spent. This is certainly not a pleasant picture to contemplate, but I fancy if the truth were told, similar ones are presented generally throughout the mining districts at the present time.

Of late years, the seasons in Otago have very materially altered, and the water-supply is annually growing to all appearance less, being quite insufficient to keep pace with the demand. I think, therefore, if the Government have any desire to retain their present population and induce further settlement, they will do well at once to take the question in hand, and by a large and comprehensive scheme of supply, place the mining industry of the Province beyond the reach of loss and failure such as have resulted from the droughts of the past two seasons. Under existing circumstances, let me tell the Government that this industry,—the mainstay of the Province, and the broad base of all its prosperity,—is hastening to destruction; and if I may be allowed to parody the immortal Goldsmith, would say,—"Supers" and M. P. C.'s may flourish or may fade, a breath can make them, as a breath has made; But the bold diggers, our Otago's pride, When once destroyed can never be supplied.

The weather-wise "nautical observer," alluded to in my last, was confoundedly out of his reckoning as to the 30th ultimo. If he had only predicted one of the finest days of the season instead of bad weather, he would have come very near the mark, and saved his reputation, which has, alas! gone down to zero in the opinion of those who, on the faith of his plausible assertions, expected a change which might have led to a downfall of rain. I see by an advertisement that three editions of Moore's almanac in England have been sold, and "the cry is still for Moore,"—a cry which is not likely to be uttered with regard to "nautical observer's" predictions.

In mining matters there is no progress to report. The Aurora's are still waiting for rain to commence crushing. The Cromwell Company continue raising st'one, and their mill and water-wheel are completely dismantled, new bed-logs being required, the old ones having rotted into uselessness: it will probably be three months ere operations are resumed at the mill. The contractors are pushing on with the Lucknow tunnel, and judging from the continuous discharges are at any rate consuming plenty of powder. The rock varies considerably,—at one time being moderately soft, and again hard and crossgrained. They will now have a pretty tolerable idea of what the entire length will cost, and can calculate accordingly as to the possible profits on their labour.

What might easily have resulted in a fatal accident occurred last week. Two miners, Messrs Coleman and Murray, were sinking a prospecting shaft in alluvial ground, in the lower end of Russell's gully. Coleman was away getting some timber to secure the ground, which is of a very treacherous, drift nature. Murray was engaged sinking, when the shaft suddenly caved in, and one of the slabs cut him rather severely about the head. Assistance being at hand, he was soon extricated from his peril, and is now recovering. The shaft has since been abandoned at a depth of thirty-six feet.

We had a visit yesterday from our respected Warden, Mr Simpson, who found it necessary to take evidence on the ground as to the application of Coleman and party for "tail water." The evidence apparently disclosed the fact that no tail water existed; and indeed, unfortunately for the applicants, very little, if any, head water either. Water rights on Bendigo appear to be in rather a "foggy" state, and may some day lead to further litigation,—when, unlike the chronicler of Gilpin's famous ride, I hope I may not be there to see; as, with poor ground, frosty seasons and dry seasons, a much longer residence will upon the whole be undesirable if not impossible.

Harvesting has been commenced pretty generally throughout the district, and in some instances the crops will largely reward the growers. It is quite evident that a careful selection of soil and locality, added to judicious tillage, in this part of the country, is quite certain to prove a paying business to the farmer; and if every man who makes two blades of grass to grow where one grew before is doing a benefit to his kind, let us record a record of praise and encouragement to the men who till and sow and reap, that we may live cheaply and well.

"Oh! did the harvest to their sickles yield,  
How furrow oft the stubborn gshe has brake;  
How jowled did they live their tomes ahead!  
How bare'd the wools beneath their sturdy stroke!"

The notorious Green Sheep m'be, at Cromwell, has been sold at auction for £200.

## CARRICK RANGE WATER SUPPLY CO., REGISTERED.

The adjourned half-yearly general meeting of shareholders was held in the Town-hall on Friday evening last. Mr James Taylor, chairman of directors, presided.

The Chairman made some preliminary remarks as to the various matters to be brought forward at the meeting; after which the following report by the working manager was read and adopted:

"February 6, 1873.

"Gentlemen.—I beg to report that the portion of the race let by tender (three miles and three-quarters) is almost completed. Next week will I believe, will finish all the contract, Hall's party being the last; and they have joined their portion to the next section, and are now taking out the rock which they left as they proceeded. There were two or three places which Mr Bews (the Government Engineer) suggested should be strengthened, which the contractors have done by building substantial stone walls outside the race. I may say that Mr Bews found no fault with the work, but suggested that when high walls were built they should have more batter. The portion to be let at present, to the Duffer's Saddle, (about two and a half miles,) is laid off in sections. Mr Wilson, surveyor, a short distance from the saddle, gave the race a perpendicular drop of eight feet to avoid a very trifling obstacle, and further on brought it through a perpendicular face of rock some chains in length. After carefully examining the ground, I came to the conclusion that a great saving would be effected by carrying the upper level about three-quarters of a mile further on, which I have done. This will bring the level of the race to within three or four feet of the top of the rocks, instead of the middle of them, and will save a large portion of the cost. But still about half a mile of this portion will be very difficult and costly, as the race will have to be blasted out in the rock for many chains; it is very steep at this part, with rocks cropping out on the surface.—some parts of it being so steep that it is difficult to walk along it. About a mile and a half of the two and a half miles is very good, and should be cut pretty cheaply.

"There were two places in the portion already cut where it was intended to have fluming for about seventy feet in length in each, but as I have a great objection to fluming at this altitude if it can be avoided, I have put on two day-men, who are acquainted with this sort of work, to blast the rock away to the proper depth. I shall be able, on doing one piece, to see the cost in time and material, and, by ascertaining the estimated cost of fluming, judge by this whether to cut the rock through these places or flume them. If the cutting is rather more costly at present, I believe it will be a great saving eventually, as fluming is far more liable to accident, and frosts at that height would have far more effect on it.

"I am, gentlemen, very respectfully yours,

"JAMES MARSHALL."

The Chairman congratulated the shareholders on the substantial and workmanlike manner in which that portion of the race already completed had been constructed. Mr Bews, the district engineer, had lately inspected the race, and had expressed great satisfaction at the uniform excellence of the work done.

The Legal Manager read the half-yearly balance-sheet, which, however, it appeared had not been certified by the auditors, and therefore could not be adopted.

The Chairman regretted that, owing to the negligence of the legal manager, or the auditors, or perhaps both, the statement just read could not be dealt with in the usual way.

The Legal Manager apologised, and said that the fault rested solely with himself. Owing to a combination of adverse circumstances, such as ill health, and pressure of other business, he had been unable to get the statement audited in time to lay before the meeting.

Several shareholders complained of the negligence displayed by the legal manager and the auditors in connection with the company's business. Exactly the same thing had occurred at the first half-yearly meeting. The manager and auditors were paid officers, and the shareholders had a right to expect that they would attend to their duties.

Mr Colclough moved—"That the balance-sheet be handed to the auditors for their report, then submitted to a meeting of directors, and afterwards published in the local paper."

This was seconded by Mr Fraer, and was agreed to.

The Chairman stated that, in the absence of a quorum of shareholders at the first adjourned meeting (fixed for the 8th inst.), the only course to be adopted as regarded the election of directors was to declare that the directors appointed in August last should continue the office for six months longer.

[The present directors are Messrs Taylor, Hazlett, Fraer, Colclough, Goldsmith, Marsh, and Stuart.]

The Chairman directed attention to the expense entailed on the Company through the directors being allowed ten shillings each for every meeting they attended. He thought there was too much of the £. s. d. element among the people of Cromwell in regard to the management of the Company. It almost seemed as if everyone tried to squeeze as much money as possible out of the concern.

Mr Fraer, speaking as a director, would willingly renit half the sum allowed if the other directors would do the same.

Mr Colclough considered that the principle of not paying directors of public companies was unsound and unworkable. It was unreasonable to ask men to do such work for nothing.

It was proposed by Mr Matthews, seconded by Mr Fraer, and agreed to—"That the directors be requested to consider at their next meeting the expediency of accepting a smaller amount of remuneration for their services."

In connection with the matter of Govern-

ment subsidy, the Manager read the subjoined telegram from Mr Haughton:

"Wellington, Feb. 13, 1873.

"Mr Simpson telegraphs that the papers re Carrick Range Co. are on their way here. These, with the Engineer's report already received, will be referred to the Engineer-in-Chief, who will then advise the Government. It appears to me, however, that no plans and specifications will be forthcoming, although I advised this to save delay. Reference to previous communication will show how the matter stands. Under any circumstances the money will not be advanced until the provisions of the Acts and Regulations have been fully complied with."

The Chairman was inclined to recommend that the Company should abandon the application for a Government subsidy. The detailed survey, plans, and specifications required by the Government would cost at least £200, and were wholly unnecessary. If all the conditions and stipulations were complied with, the interest on the Government advance would amount to at least 12 per cent., instead of 7 per cent., as represented. Under all the circumstances, he was not sorry that the Government had at last refused to advance the money applied for. The suggestion that he had to offer was that the Company should cut a race of smaller dimensions than the portion already finished, and by that plan they would be enabled to bring in a small supply—say three or four heads—of water within a comparatively short period, and thus be placed in receipt of a certain weekly revenue that could be devoted to extending and enlarging the race.

The result of the discussion that followed was the passing of the following resolution, which was moved by Mr Fraer and seconded by Mr Brown:—"That a letter be written to his Honor the Superintendent, explaining the present position of the Company, and requesting his Honor to use his influence in procuring the Government subsidy as soon as possible."

Mr Matthews wished to know how it was that the directors had not brought up a report of their proceedings during the six months just expired. There were several matters concerning which the shareholders were quite in the dark; and apart from the fact that one of the advertised objects of the meeting was the "reading of directors' report," it was customary for directors of all public companies to submit periodical reports to the shareholders.

The Chairman did not think that any directors' report was requisite. He considered that the balance-sheet and working manager's report contained all necessary information.

Mr Colclough concurred in the opinion that the directors should have submitted a report to the meeting; and, as a director, he took share of the blame to himself.

The Chairman stated that he had partly prepared a directors' report, but had not finished it.

Mr Colclough said he had just been looking over the new Mining Companies Act, and found that the directors of mining companies were compelled, under a penalty of not more than fifty pounds, to deposit printed copies of their report, together with the half-yearly balance-sheet, for the inspection of shareholders, at the company's office, at least one week before the date of the general half-yearly meeting.

The meeting concluded with the customary compliment to the Chairman.

## EUROPEAN NEWS.

Cable telegrams appear in Dunedin papers, bearing dates from Jan. 27 to Feb. 5. The following are the more important items:

The *Coburg Gazette* denies the rumour of an intended marriage between His Royal Highness Prince Alfred with a Hanover Princess.—The Carlists of Spain are endeavouring to interrupt railway communication with France; it is expected an attack will be made on Bilbao, in the Province of Biscay.—Mr Trollope's work on the Colonies is in the press.

The following are the telegrams upon the Russian Khivan complication:

In St. Petersburg public indignation has been excited by the accounts of atrocities committed upon Russian prisoners in Khiva. Demands are made for the exemplary punishment of the Khivans. Vigorous preparations are being made, and probably 50,000 men will be sent. Princes and other persons of high rank are volunteering for this service.—Berlin papers state that the Russian army in the Caucasus will be transformed into the Central Asian Army, numbering a hundred battalions of Infantry, thirty-six batteries of Artillery, and twenty squadrons of Cavalry.

It is considered this army will be sufficient to defy the British forces; and it is further alleged that Russia is waiting prepared to take advantage of any false step which may be made by the British Government.—The Russian movement against Khiva is of a character to excite serious apprehension in Europe. Russia has sent an army of 150,000 men, a large Artillery force, far beyond what is required for the alleged Russian purposes. The Continental papers regard the expedition as a challenge to England, and the Russian Press indicates its contempt for English interference.—The *Times* and other journals, discussing the Khivan question, point out that England need not be alarmed at the Russian preparations in Khiva, as Russia could not long maintain a war both in Europe and Asia, while England, if necessary, could make large sacrifices to do so, and could sustain a long conflict.—Unusual activity prevails in Woolwich Arsenal, but the Ministerial Press denies that it is more than what is necessary for the usual requirements of the country.

## MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

The usual fortnightly meeting was held in the Council Chamber on Thursday, 13th inst., at eight p.m. The Mayor, and Councillors Dawkins, Marsh, and Wright were present.

The inward correspondence comprised the following letters:

From the Provincial Under-Secretary, thanking the Council for bringing under the notice of the Government the state of the Police quarters.

From the same official, informing the Council that the Government do not consider it expedient or necessary permanently to station a bailiff at Cromwell, but stating that the Warden at Clyde would make such arrangements as would obviate the inconvenience complained of.

From the same (in reply to a letter from the Town-Clerk), referring the Council to section 2 of the Otago Municipal Corporations Ordinance Amendment Ordinance 1866, for directions as to mode of procedure to be adopted for increasing the number of municipal wards.

From Mr Thomas Allan, secretary to the Cardrona Miners' Association. (Letter subjoined):

"Cardrona, 13th Jan., 1873.

"The Town-Clerk, Cromwell.

"Sir,—I am directed by the Cardrona Miners' Association to call your attention to the desirability existing for the Cromwell Municipal Council urging on the Government the construction of the bridle-track between Cromwell and Cardrona, *via* Mount Pisa.

"I am informed by several parties who have recently travelled by this route that the sum voted—viz., £249—will be amply sufficient to make a good useful track, one which would be available for nearly all the year.

"Cardron last month contributed to the Escorts from Queenstown and Arow about one thousand ounces of gold,—showing that as a gold-producing district its resources are far from being exhausted. There are also a number of gullies at present known to be auriferous, lying adjacent to this new route, which would probably be worked if the cost of provisions were less and the attention of miners were more directly called to them. These, taken with the fact that the distance between Cromwell and Cardrona is reduced to one half, are good and sufficient reasons why the track should be commenced and carried on to completion before the bad weather sets in."

After some conversation regarding the frequency of accidents and the inconvenience and risk incurred in conveying patients to the Dunstan Hospital, it was unanimously resolved—

"That in the opinion of this Council the time has arrived when it is necessary for a hospital to be established in the vicinity of Cromwell; and that the Town-Clerk write to the Government requesting that a piece of land may be set aside as a site for the purpose."

In reference to the assessment for the current year, it was resolved—

"That the rate be fixed at one shilling in the pound; and that advertisements be inserted in the *CROMWELL ARGUS* and *Provincial Gazette* notifying that the assessment has been allowed by the Council."

The Public Works Committee reported having arranged with Mr Hayes for a supply of water at the rate of £3 per week.

The Council approved of the action taken, and authorised the Committee to make such arrangements for the future, in connection with the water-supply, as they might deem advisable.

A vote of thanks was accorded to the Mayor, and the Council adjourned.

## THE NEW COURT-HOUSE.

A brief description of the interior of this building as it will appear when finished may be deemed of some interest. The Court-room is 33 x 17, inside measurement. The enclosed space allotted to "the Bench" will be 12ft. by 5ft., on a raised floor, with two steps and a door at each end. This space will be divided from the body of the Court by a partition 4ft. high, constructed of red pine, tongued, grooved, and beaded, with 3 x 2 oval and sunk capping. A "continuous desk," 2ft. 6in. wide, containing four drawers, and

covered with blue cloth, will extend the full length of the "Bench." Four spring-seated and padded arm-chairs will be provided for the magistrates. The raised floor and steps leading to the Bench will be covered with cocoa matting; and the floors of the Court-room and adjoining offices will be laid with the same material. In front of the Bench will be placed the counsel's table, dimensions 8 x 4, with blue cloth top and six drawers. "Counsel" are to be accommodated with four Queen's pattern cane-seated chairs. For the convenience of the public there will be eight forms, each 6ft. long, *without backs*. The "bar" is to be 3ft. high, with 3 x 2 standards, let into the floor, or secured with iron angle pieces. It will consist of two rails, with brackets next each standard, a small gate in the centre, and two ornamental panels on each side of the gate. The witness-box and prisoners' dock will be made to match the "Bench" enclosure, and the floor of each will be raised nine inches above the floor of the Court. The dock will measure 5 x 3, and the witness-box 3 x 3. An American stove is to be placed in the Court-room as may be directed by the Resident Magistrate. The

Magistrates' room and Receiver's room (12 x 9) will each be provided with a French-polished table and six cane-seated chairs; also, register grates in the fire-places; and all necessary shelving and pigeon-holes. The contract is to include the removal of the old building, which is to be placed alongside the new one, and used as a lumber-room. The date fixed for completion of the work required is the 15th of March.

## RESIDENT MAGISTRATE'S COURT.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1873.

(Before W. Lawrence Simpson, Esq., R.M.)

CHARGE AGAINST AN L.R.C.S.I.

The adjourned information, *Regina v. W. Speedy*, again came on for hearing. The charge against defendant was (in substance) that he at Carrickton, in December last, falsely represented himself to be a duly-qualified medical practitioner.

The chief witness for the prosecution was

George Taylor, miner, Carrickton, who stated that on the 13th December last the defendant attended him for a broken leg. Witness did not place much confidence in defendant's skill, and sent for Dr Lake. The same night, defendant presented a bill for £1 "for professional services," which bill witness paid on the following day.

Defendant received the account in witness's presence, signing himself "W. J. Speedy, L.R.C.S.I."—In cross-examination, witness said the defendant was standing by when the accident occurred, and assisted witness home, where he examined the broken leg and made preparations for setting it. Witness considered defendant was entitled to some remuneration for his attendance and trouble.

Sergeant Cassels said this concluded the evidence for the prosecution.

The Defendant stated that his name was to be found in the Imperial list of medical practitioners, but unfortunately he could not produce a copy of it.

His Worship interjected that if the defendant wished the Imperial list produced, he could show him where a copy could be had.

Defendant further said that as regarded his certificate and diploma, he had been obliged to "mortgage" them whilst in Dunedin last July, and was consequently unable to produce them in his defence.

His Worship said the prosecution had shown

that the defendant had set himself up for a medical practitioner; but in order to convict him they must go a step further, and show that the defendant was not what he had represented himself to be. It was absolutely essential to the prosecution to produce evidence that his representation was false. They had not done this, and there could be no conviction: the case must be dismissed.

There was one important fact, however, which he would just mention. Before any medical practitioner could receive fees for professional services, such practitioner must produce his certificate and diploma. His

Worship then addressed himself to the defendant, reminding him that he was not an entire stranger to the Bench; and cautioned him to be careful of his future conduct.

T. HORRIGAN v. REID ROBERTSON.

Claim, £9 8s. for board and lodging and "refreshments." No appearance of defendant. A portion of the amount sued for was disallowed, the Magistrate stating that a publican could only recover payment for drinks supplied to a person boarding and lodging at a public-house.

Judgment for £6 11s., and 13s. costs.

BOULTON AND HERBERT v. COLELOUGH.

Claim, £5 14s. 9d., amount alleged to be due by defendant on account of his sixth share in a quartz claim worked by plaintiffs.

The Magistrate, after hearing evidence, said the case appeared to involve a question of partnership, and could not be entertained in the R. M.'s Court. Plaintiffs nonsuited.

## WARDEN'S COURT.

THURSDAY, FEB. 13.

(Before W. Lawrence Simpson, Esq., Judge and Warden.)

BREACH OF AGREEMENT.

T. Hancock v. J. Marshall (manager of the United Star and Oak Crushing Company).—An action for damage caused to complainant's water by machine tailings.

After taking evidence, the Warden adjudged the defendant to clean out his tailing-dams, or to erect others of sufficient height to keep back the tailings complained of. Defendant to pay Court expenses, and 10s. 6d. solicitor's fee.

BARNARD AND OTHERS v. CROMBIE AND PRYDE.

Complaint against defendants for diverting water from the bed of Pipeclay Gully without special authority from the Warden.

Evidence was heard at length, and the Warden reserved his decision.

SAME v. ROSKRUG AND BOTTRELL.

Similar complaint, and dealt with in the same way as the foregoing case.

PRIORITY OF WATER-RIGHTS.

The complaint of John McDonald and others against Samuel Moon and others, (adjourned from 30th January), occupied the Court for some hours on Thursday, and again on Friday. The Warden found in favour of the complainants. Each party, by agreement, paid their own costs.

There was a second complaint between the same parties, wherein the Warden gave judgment for defendants, (Moon and others), with £2 2s. costs.

In both cases Mr Allanby appeared for complainants, and Mr Wilson for defendants.

C. COLELOUGH v. T. MCDONALD.

An action to compel defendant to give possession of certain premises to complainant. Plaintiff nonsuited, with costs of Court, and 10s. 6d. solicitor's fee.

APPLICATIONS.

Extended Claims.—John Beatty and two others, three acres, Deep Lead, Bannockburn granted.—John Robertson and two others, three acres at Moonlight granted.—Samuel Chappell and another, two acres in Poverty Gully, Sheepherd's Creek: granted.

## PROVINCIAL AND COLONIAL.

The discovery of gold in Fiji is reported. It is proposed to establish a Hospital in Okomairiro. A lunatic escaped from the Nelson Asylum other day, and is still at large. The Nelson Jockey Club have invited Mr. Valters to run Peerless at their approaching meeting.

Sharebroking is so dull at the Thanes that many of the brokers have decided it will not pay them to take out fresh licenses.

A fire, originating in a brothel, occurred in Greytown on the 11th. A brewery and other buildings were destroyed.

Wideawake, a horse which in 1871 was thought likely to prove a second Knottingly, was sold for £14 in Christchurch recently.

The trout experiment has succeeded in the Water of Leith, near Dunedin, a young fish of that species having been caught there the other day.

A man named Barnwell has been accidentally killed at West Tamar, Tasmania, from another man jumping off a haystack on to his stomach.

The Hon. John Hart, C.M.G., one of the oldest colonists, and several times Minister, fell down dead while addressing a meeting in Adelaide recently.

At Ravenswood, Queensland, provisions are still scarce. Flour is at £90 a ton there, £100 at Charters Towers, and £150 at the Seven-Mile Diggings.

A cutlass, a dagger, and a pair of scissors, all of superior manufacture, and made in London from the Taranaki iron sand, are being exhibited in Auckland.

Messrs Brogden's tender for the Moeraki-Waitaki line of railway has been declined by the General Government, being excessive.

Fresh tenders are advertised for.

A man named Abernethy, who left Adelaide some time ago and was supposed to have been drowned, recently returned and found his wife had married again.

The last San Francisco mail brought word that the Imperial authorities have confirmed the title "Honourable" to Messrs M'Lean, Fox, Vogel, and Gisborne for life.

The Dixon family in Wellington have been holding high jubilee. Great and small, they number 130, and on the 12th inst. they held a monster picnic and fainly dinner.

A native pigeon, all white save a little chocolate-coloured mottling about the shoulders, was shot a few days ago near Wellington. It has been placed in the Museum.

The City of Dunedin mine, Tinker's Gully, Thames Gold-field, has been sold by auction for £12 10s. At one time this property was considered one of the best on the field, and was valued at £10,000.

Stewart, the warden charged with a rape on a female patient in the Wellington Lunatic Asylum, was dismissed, the Magistrate holding that the woman was incompetent to prove that she was not a consenting party.

Samples of alluvial gold from several of the Otago gold-fields have been forwarded to the Vienna Exhibition. These samples are characterised by a Dunedin paper as "unmistakable and genuine emigration agents."

Mr Fox (the late Premier) says he was told recently, by a gentleman connected with the Government, that at Napier the number of Recchabites had increased to such an extent as to seriously affect the revenue there.

A half-caste named Henry Daymond recently died at Waikanae, Auckland. He was 6ft 6in long, and his coffin was 6ft 10in long. The deceased was born at Kapiti, and at one time held a prominent position in his tribe.

Miners at the Upper Shotover are doing very well—especially some of those working the river. Pat Walsh and party (four shareholders) are said to be getting a hundred ounces to the paddock, one of which is taken off about every eight days.

Elections are lively affairs at Reefton. At one that took place there the other day, the day's excitement culminated in a free fight, in which the local sergeant of police had his uniform torn to shreds, and a constable was badly wounded in the knee.

A bankrupt at Patea, Auckland, named Wells, was recently committed for trial for wilful and corrupt perjury under the Bankruptcy Act. The examination lasted seven days, and the bankrupt was committed on six different misdemeanours.

The annual Interprovincial Cricket Match was played in Christchurch on Thursday and Friday, Feb. 6 and 7. Otago was shamefully beaten. Canterbury in one innings scored 130, of which 20 were "extras"; while Otago in two innings made a total of only 95.

The Attorney-General of New South Wales has introduced a bill for the licensing of sharebrokers, the annual fee being £5, with bonds of £1000 for himself, and two sureties of £250, or one surety of £500 from a guarantee company. Victoria is likely to follow the example.

A large shark was captured in Auckland lately. It measured 14ft 6in long, and was 8ft in circumference. Its stomach contained a fore-quarter of mutton, a loin of mutton, a piece of suet weighing about ten pounds, and a sirloin of beef. The monster weighed nearly half a ton.

The following incident of the colliers' strike at Newcastle is related by a correspondent of the *Sydney Morning Herald*:—"A number of Russell's men and lumpers went down into the mine at Waratah to commence working, when the wives of the men on strike took up the cause of their husbands, and attacked the new comers with weapons peculiar to their sex—namely, broom-sticks and frying-pans. Not only were the intruders driven from the mines, but they were pursued even beyond the boundaries of the township itself."

## Sad Results of a Shave.

An Auckland weekly has the following:—A worthy citizen undertook to trim his beard a short time since, and by a slip of the scissors spoiled the cut. He trimmed a little more, and still more, but it would look lopsided, so he went to the barber's and got shaved for the first time in twelve years. He was very busy, and business detained him in his office until a late hour of the night, and when he went home he found his family had retired. This was not an unusual occurrence, so he silently entered by means of a latchkey, and undressed without lighting a candle. He got partly into bed, when his wife astonished him by uttering a loud and prolonged scream. He was very much alarmed, and feared she had lost her reason. He implored her to tell him what was the matter. At the sound of his voice she screamed—"Oh, Edward, come quick and save me!"—"I am here, dear," said he, but she only screamed the louder at the words. He sprang out of bed, and had just struck a light, when his brother-in-law, a muscular six-footer, rushed into the room, and with a poker aimed a blow at his head. In a minute a pale-faced man, with a long white robe, staggered under the blow, which had doubled the size of his organ of comparison. "Great heavens!" exclaimed the husband, "are you all going crazy?"—"Bless my heart," shouted the muscular brother-in-law. "Why, it's Ned himself. What on earth tempted you to get up in that style?"—"What style?" asked the much abused husband, as he rubbed the lumps on his forehead. "Why, when did you shave?" It was clear to him then. His wife had put up her hand in the dark, and meeting the shaved face of a man took her husband for an intruder. She recognised her husband's voice at first, but the second time he spoke her terror was too great, and she fainted. His wife recovered from her faint only to faint again at the recognition of her husband's shaven face and the poker mark on the forehead. Matters were finally straightened up at home, but in the street his friends passed him without speaking, and at the Bank he was not only refused payment of a draft, but threatened with arrest for signing his own name in endorsing it. Of course a little explanation brought the various affairs all right; but it took so much time to explain, and for the concussion on his forehead to get well, that the aforesaid citizen avows he will never shave again, as he considers it a habit dangerous to peace and even to life.

## "How was that for High?"

The Newhaven *Palladium* describes the performance of Miss Leona Dore, a Connecticut circus woman, who from being a humble performer under the tent has risen to remarkable experience as an aeronaut. She has lately been thrilling the people of the West by trapeze performances while suspended from a balloon. One of these enterainments at Indianopolis is thus set forth:—"The balloon was inflated, and at a quarter to eight was cut loose; and the fine-formed Leona in circus clothes, dangling down from the trapeze bar, holding in her teeth a strap which encircled the waist of Tommy Hall, a companion for her first voyage in the air, left *terra firma*. Everything was as still as death, and it was observed that Hall weakened a little, but the plucky "Queen of Antilles," Leona, was perfectly cool. Just as soon as they left the earth, Leona commenced spinning Hall round until it made him giddy. After this performance, and when about 300 feet in the air, they commenced their high-falutin' performance, known in show language as the double trapeze. They performed all the difficult and hazardous feats at an altitude of about a mile, with the same reckless daring that characterises their performance under the pavilion, where, if they were to tumble, their fall would not exceed thirty feet. Up, up they went, until they were scarcely larger than a person's hand, and when looked at through a glass provided for the occasion, it was seen they had climbed upon their trapeze car, and were apparently enjoying a *tête-à-tête* while resting from their exciting and perilous exercises. The balloon descended very rapidly, and landed about half a mile from their starting point, in an open field, and a party rode up in time to witness their alighting. Hall was silent and sober, while Leona, laughing, said to Warner:—"How was that for high?"

The disappearance of a young man named Higgins, only son of Mr Matthew Higgins, a well-known Melbourne contractor, while en route from Sydney to Sandridge, is a very mysterious affair. It appears that the youth, who was about fifteen years of age, was, about five o'clock on the evening of January 19th, lying on the vessel's skylight between his father and Mr John Tait, but complaining of a violent headache, he went below to his cabin, where he was followed by his father, who saw him to bed and covered him with a great-coat. Mr Higgins asked the steward to prepare soup for his son. The request was complied with, but when the soup was taken to the cabin occupied by Master Higgins it was found to be empty. This was reported to his father, and a search was made all over the vessel without avail. The only surmise to be made is that the youth must have fallen overboard out of the cabin window. This, however, seems almost incredible, as it was barely of sufficient size to admit of his passing through, it being but fifteen inches square. Strange to say, the coat with which he was covered was also missing, and as it was a very large one, it could not have gone through the port wrapped round the youth.

## The Costume Cricket Match.

On Saturday last, (says the *Morning Star* of the 10th inst.,) members of the Dramatic and Operatic professions played a Costume Cricket Match on the South Dunedin Cricket Ground, in aid of the Otago Benevolent Institution. There was no special charge made for admission to the grounds; but all who entered were expected to drop a shilling or more into the boxes placed at the gates. The weather was fine and enjoyable, and the consequence was that about 4000 people entered to witness a sight as amusing as it was novel. It was intended, from the first, that the whole affair should be a burlesque on the national game of cricket, and right well the players succeeded in their *al fresco* theatre in showing how much honest mirth may be derived from the field sports of modern times. Description fails to convey a correct idea of the laughter-provoking comicalities of the—for the moment—mountebanks as the match proceeded. What merriment ran through the crowd as the Clown sprang into the circle, and greeted the company with the old familiar "Here we are again! how are you?" And then what a face he made, and how he walked upon his calves, as Pantaloons doubled up, and of course fell over him. The ludicrous contortions of face and body he indulged in when the ball hit his bat, the denial that he was out when the wicket fell, the refusal to leave when the umpire declared against him, and the arrival of the stage policeman to remove him, caused loud laughter. The bowling, batting, and fielding were alike grotesque and provocative of mirth. The attitude assumed by Mick Feeney as he rested his bat in front of the wicket, and manifested surprise because a well-intended but futile ball did not strike it, was immense, and was only surpassed by the drollery of Widow Twankey, as she was received in the most gallant manner by the retiring batsman, uncovered. Romeo made himself an object of interest by his listlessness; while the Student of Padua amused by the manner in which he inveigled a fast running ball, as his canoe-shaped hat came in contact with the dignified personage of O'Callaghan. Dundreary was seen hopping about the ground, looking very much as if he would "rather not," while William showed that he was not only a triumph in the eyes of Susan, but a good representative of the part he played. At the conclusion, the operatic team grouped themselves round the pavilion, and sang three choruses from different operas, concluding with the National Anthem. The amount realised to the institution was between £.30 and £.40.

## Exciting Horse-Race.

The *Central Australian* gives the following incident in life at Bourke:—"After the race on Thursday, between Flying Jib and Tory Boy, a match was made (privately), between Miss J—e, who was riding Dolly Varden, and Miss R—s—n, who was gracefully mounted on Tommy Dodd. The race was to take place after the coarser bipeds had left the course, the distance to be half a mile, for two new silk bonnets and a box of Windsor soap. About five favoured gentlemen were admitted into the secret, Mr F—e being appointed judge and umpire. After tucking up their riding habits, and tying the cockleshell hats more securely, they both went away at the fall of Sam's billycock on equal terms. The sight, says our youthful reporter, was delicious. The horses were snorting along at a furious pace, with horizontal tails. The chignon's flew into space like John Gilpin's wig, the habits flew anyhow—the excitement at the finish was intense, both passing the post nose and nose. After a little thought—a difficult process under the circumstances, as both the fair creatures claimed the victory—the judge decided it was a dead heat, and must be run over again. To this the damsel who piloted Tommy Dodd strongly objected, saying, "I nearly had a buster for a box of soap, and I ain't going to risk another." The affair ended satisfactorily.

## New Zealand at Home.

Before Mr Anthony Trollope has had time to write *Home about this Colony*, some here have been able to let the English people know what we think of him, though it is doubtful whether the subject of the amusing letter, which appears in *Figaro*, will feel flattered at what is said of him. The writer referred to, from whose letter home the following is an extract, says:—"On dit, that he is not a very pleasant travelling companion. On board steamer from Melbourne, at table, a gentleman asked him to pass something. The reply was, 'Well, I'll pass it this time, but ask the waiter in future.' B., the lawyer, with his family, had engaged the coach from Queenstown; so Trollope, his wife, and P., had to hire an express, and had bad horses. B. stayed to breakfast some distance from Clyde, and he and his family ate all the eggs and drank all the milk, so, when Trollope arrived, there was nothing in the house to eat. B., who is fond of a joke, told the landlord that Trollope would be passing soon, with the panorama he was painting. So the landlord politely asked Trollope to let him see it, upon which Trollope got into an awful rage, and swore some."

## SWEET INNOCENT.

There was a young lady of Tenby, Who wrote to her *confidante*, "N.B. I don't want to wed, No such thought's in my head; But where can the eyes of men be?"

## SELECTED POETRY.

## YE SERENADE AT MIDNIGHTTE.

## A SUMMER ROMANCE.

Ye mayden looked from her lattyce,  
On ye troubadours below,  
As they stood a-tuning their voyces  
At midnightte, in a row.

In a row beneath her lattyce,  
With ye tenor at ye head:  
A pallid youth with yellowe hair,  
Who'd ought to have been in bed.

And now ye viols sounded,  
And ye flute on ye midnightte air;  
And dismal noyses went wailing out  
From hym of ye yellowe hair.

He called her hys sun, hys light, hys star,  
And lykened her to ye moon;  
And ye viols and flute and light guitar  
Took up and echoed ye tune.

And ye longer he sung, ye louder  
His voyce was pytched, and higher;  
He clasped her hand where his heart should be,  
And, in verse, swore he was on fyre.

Then ye maiden smyled a pensive smyle,  
And went to her lyttle stand,  
And appeared in white at ye lattyce  
With a pitcher in her hand.

Then ye troubadours grew frantic!

And fiercer ye music grew!

But on theyre heads ye contents

She very deftly threw.

Ye fyre was quenched! And ye tumult

Was over, and all was still!

And naught was seen of ye minstrels

But theyre coat-tayles over ye hill!

## A FRAGMENT.

Rest?—Yes. A prison it may be. 'Tis well! I have fought the battle long, and I have lost. Trusted my friends, and counted not the cost Of this blind faith in others:—So I fell... And now that I have long been tempest-tost, I find my haven gladly in a cell: Water, and bread, and just a little light, And air it may be, and full leave to pray,— And I shall not much care for man's hospite, Waiting in God's good time a better day. Better to lay one's arms down, and to wait, Than to fight on sore speut, and go on all gashed. For the time cometh, be it soon or late, When perfect Rest is link'd with perfect Glory.

## MISCELLANEA.

Eighty thousand Jews live in New York. The Bible has been translated into Esquimaux.

A Chicago paper announced the Boston fire under the heading, "Boston Chicagoed."

Bismarck's cigars are said to cost him 10s a day, and his beer and wine 17s, all for his own use.

The human voice has nine perfect tones, but these can be combined in 17,592,044,414 different sounds.

It is rumoured that Queen Maria Pla, of Portugal, whose godfather is Pope Pius IX., has determined to abandon the Catholic faith and turn Protestant.

Lady Burdett Coutts recently gave a Bishop, who was begging for funds to build a church, a blank cheque, and the modest ecclesiastic filled it up for £30,000.

Jerusalem is agitated over her water-supply. The Pool of Siloam, and a few others like it, are all that can be depended upon, and they are full of bugs and other live organisms.

An aristocratic New York tailor is engaged in evolving a suit of clothes to consist entirely of a cravat that will wind about the body, from neck to ankle, and will be fastened with a diamond pin.

A missionary in China states that if the present ratio of conversions goes on as it has been going for some years back "by the year 1930 the native Christians in China will number 2,000,000."

A lady in Marseilles has sued a hair-dresser for two thousand francs damages. He had offered to dye her brown hair red, and, in consequence of his operations, it turned violet. She was obliged to have her head shaved.

The English journals mention a case where a milk dealer, on a second conviction for diluting milk with water, was not only fined, but required, in accordance with the provisions of a special law, to pay the cost of a notice in a leading paper, giving a full account of the transaction.

Milkaukee enjoys its own fat woman. Her name is Praegar, and the scales hardly do her justice at 535 lbs. She girths five feet eleven inches over the bosom, five feet two around the hips, two feet four around the arms, and when she laughs her chin wrinkles down into the dark like cellar stairs.

During the siege of Strasburg, in the late Franco-Prussian war, a shell entered one of the windows of the cathedral, and buried itself in the organ without exploding. No essential part of the organ was injured, so that it can be played, but it is not impossible that the shell might fall from its position and explode. Aspirants to the office of organist are not numerous.

In twenty-three years, more than a million of population has been added to the city of London, without including the suburban towns swallowed up in the course of the city's expansion upon all sides. In the same time 250,000 houses of all kinds have been built, and the beats of the police have been extended 1130 miles. Eighty thousand policemen are now employed regularly—a standing army more effective and better paid than any equal number since the days of the Praetorians of Rome; and these are, on extraordinary occasions, assisted by the guards and household regiments of the Queen.

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Furnace Bars ; Fire-proof Doors & Safes. [170]

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IRON FOUNDER, & BLACKSMITH,  
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Castings in Brass or Iron.  
Steam Engines and Boilers made and repaired.  
Overshot and Breast Water-wheels of Iron and  
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Quartz-crushing Machinery.  
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Machinery for Flour Oatmeal, and Barley Mills  
Reaping, Threshing, and Horse-power Ma-  
chines made and repaired.  
Fire-proof doors and safes.  
Price's Flax-dressing Machines made. 124

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KINCAID, M'QUEEN AND CO.,  
Boilermakers, Engineers, Millwrights, Foun-  
ders, Blacksmiths, &c.

All kinds of Castings in Brass and Iron.  
Steam Engines and Boilers made and repaired.  
Overshot, Breast, and Turbine Water-wheels ;  
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ing Gear.  
Cast-iron Sluice and Ripple Plates ; Sheet-iron  
Hopper and Sluice Plates, (punched to any size  
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Flour-mill Machinery.  
All kinds of Reaping, Threshing, Horse-power  
Machines made and repaired.  
Improved Reaping Machines.  
K. M'Q. and Co.'s improved Wrought-iron  
Piping for Fluming and Hydraulic Mining is the  
best in use, and cheaper than canvas.

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GEORGE MATTHEWS,  
NURSERYMAN,  
SEEDSMAN, AND SEED-GROWER,  
MORAY PLACE, DUNEDIN,  
Begs to intimate that he has constantly on hand

Agricultural and Garden Seeds  
Fruit, Forest, and Ornamental Trees in  
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Garden Tools  
Pruning Gloves  
Flower Pots, &c. &c.

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Established 1863.

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Is prepared to deal with all SHARES for SALE  
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Letters, and all other Country Business  
receive prompt attention. 36

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BEST QUALITY.

DARLING & CO.,  
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REGULATIONS.

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of every description of property, and to GUARAN-  
TEE THAT ALL LOSSES WILL BE PROMPTLY AND  
LIBERALLY SETTLED BY THEMSELVES, thus avoiding  
the delay, anxiety, and inconvenience occasioned  
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SPECTATORSHIP—THE INDISCRETIONS OF  
EARLY YOUTH—SYPHILITIC DISEASES.

In all the above cases, arising from errors and  
the yielding to the passions, no time should be lost  
to at once arrest the progress of disease.

DR L. L. SMITH has devoted himself for twenty years in  
the colony to the practice of this branch of his  
profession, while previously in England he was  
the pupil of, and practised with, the celebrated  
Dr R. T. Culverwell, the only medical practitioner  
who ever exclusively adopted this as the  
sole branch of his profession.

Dr L. L. Smith hereby informs the public  
that he is the only legally-qualified medical man  
in this speciality of his profession ; that others  
advertising are unqualified, and that, therefore,  
in pretending to be qualified, they are obtaining  
money under false pretences.

Dr L. L. Smith also warns the public against  
the quackeries advertised. If the taker of any  
of these advertised nostrums escape with his life,  
or his system be not thoroughly and irreparably  
undermined by them, he may look upon himself  
as the most fortunate mortal.

Dr L. L. Smith has been applied to by so many  
unfortunate broken-down young-old-men, utterly  
crushed in spirit, ruined in body, and fished in  
pocket, that he deems it a duty to publish this  
to the world.

Those men and women who have been the vic-  
tims of unprincipled charlatans frequently seek  
that recovery which is often beyond Dr Smith's  
control. When will the public understand that  
it is to their interest to consult a duly qualified  
medical man, who has made this his sole study,  
rather than apply to a number of ignorant im-  
postors, who merely harp and prey upon their  
pockets and health ?

Dr L. L. Smith has always stated that to warn  
the public of these quicksands is his chief reason  
for advertising.

In all cases of nervous debility, lowness of  
spirits, loss of power, pimples on the forehead,  
lassitude, ineptitude for business, impotency,  
drainage from the system, and the various effects  
of errors of youth, and blood-poisoning from dis-  
eases previously contracted, Dr L. L. Smith in-  
vites sufferers to consult him, as he has no hesita-  
tion in stating that no medical man, either here  
or in England, has had the opportunities of prac-  
tice and extraordinary experience which he has  
had. Therefore, those who really desire to be  
treated by one who is at the head of his profes-  
sion in this branch of medical practice should  
lose no time in seeking his advice. Nor should  
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CONSULTATION FEE (by letter) ... £1.

Medicines forwarded to all the Colonies, so  
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Books published by the Doctor can be had on  
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Protected by Royal Letters patent—dated  
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DR BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE.

A chemical preparation of Phosphorus, with  
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extensively prescribed by DRAS. LESLIE BRIGHT,  
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This Phosphatic combination is pronounced by  
the most eminent members of the medical pro-  
fession to be unequalled for its power in replen-  
ishing the vitality of the body, by its supplying  
all the essential constituents of the blood and  
nerve substance, and for developing all the  
powers and functions of the system to the highest  
degree.

It is agreeable to the palate, and innocent in  
its action, while retaining all its extraordinary  
properties ; and as a specific, surpassing all the  
known therapeutic agents of the day for the  
speedy and permanent cure of :

Nervous prostration Shortness of breath  
Liver complaints Trembling of the hands  
Palpitation of the heart and limbs  
Dizziness Impaired nutrition

Noises in the head and Mental and physical de-  
bility

Loss of energy and ap- Consumption (in its in-  
petite

Hypochondria only)

Female complaints Eruptions of the skin

General debility Impaired sight and me-  
mory

Indigestion

Flatulence Nervous fancies

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business

Sick headache Nervous debility in all

Lassitude its stages

Premature decline

and all morbid conditions of the system arising  
from whatever cause. The action of the Phos-  
phodyne is twofold—on the one hand increasing  
the principle which constitutes nervous energy,  
and on the other the most powerful blood and  
flesh generating agent known ; therefore, a mar-  
vellous medicine for renovating impaired and  
broken-down constitutions. It quickly improves  
the function of assimilation to such a degree,  
that where for years an emaciated, anxious, ca-  
daverous, and semi-vital condition has existed,  
the flesh will rapidly increase in quantity and  
firmness, and the whole system return to a state of  
robust health.

The Phosphodyne acts electrically upon the  
organisation ; for instance, it assists nature to  
generate that human electricity which renews  
and rebuilds the osseous, muscular, nervous,  
membranous, and organic systems. It operates  
on the system without exciting care or thought  
upon the individual as to the process. It moves  
the lungs, liver, heart, kidneys, stomach, and  
intestines, with a harmony, vigour, yet mildness,  
unparalleled in medicine.

The Phosphodyne gives back to the human  
structure, in a suitable form, the phosphoric or  
animating element of life, which has been wasted,  
and exerts an important influence directly on the  
spinal marrow and nervous system, of a nutritive,  
tonic, and invigorating character ; maintaining  
that buoyant energy of the brain and muscular  
system which renders the mind cheerful, brilliant,  
and energetic, entirely overcoming that  
dull, inactive, and sluggish disposition which  
many persons experience in all their actions.

The beneficial effects of the Phosphodyne are  
frequently shown from the first day of its ad-  
ministration, by a remarkable increase of nervous  
power with a feeling of vigor and comfort to  
which the patient has long been unaccustomed.  
Digestion is improved ; the appetite increases  
wonderfully ; the bowels become regular ; the  
eyes brighter ; the skin clear and healthy ; and  
the hair acquires strength, showing the impor-  
tance of the Phosphodyne on the organs of nutri-  
tion.

Finally, the Phosphodyne maintains a certain  
degree of activity in the previously debilitated  
nervous system ; its use enables all debilitated  
organs to return to their sound state and perform  
their natural functions. Persons suffering from  
Nervous Debility, or any of the hundred sym-  
ptoms which this distressing disease assumes, may  
rest assured of an effectual and even speedy cure  
by the judicious use of this most invaluable  
remedy.

DR BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE

is sold only in cases at £1.1s., containing Two  
bottles ; and £2.2s., containing Five bottles ;—  
also in family cases at £5.5s., containing Sixteen  
bottles. To be had of all Chemists and up-  
country Storekeepers throughout the Colonies,  
from whom Pamphlets containing Testimonials  
may be obtained.

Full directions for use, in the English, French,  
and German languages, accompany each case.

## SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS :

Sir Charles Locock, Physician Accoucheur to  
her Majesty the Queen, stated at a meeting of  
the Royal Medical and Chirurgical Society that  
in thirteen cases of debility and nervous prostration  
he had effected permanent cures by the use of  
Dr Bright's Phosphodyne.

Sir Wm. Ferguson, Bart., F.R.S., surgeon to  
her Majesty the Queen, says :—“ I have re-  
peatedly prescribed Dr Bright's Phosphodyne  
and found it an agreeable and beneficial remedy.  
I have but one objection regarding it, and that is,  
the elaborate process required in the preparation  
which will not allow of the retail price being within  
the reach of all classes.”

Dr Lancaster, the eminent coroner, says :—  
“ Dr Bright's Phosphodyne is calculated to en-  
tirely supersede iron, mercury, sarsaparilla,  
quinine, and cod-liver oil.”

Dr R. Quain, F.R.C.P., physician to the Hos-  
pital for Consumption, Brompton, remarks :—  
“ It cannot be doubted that this Phosphatic  
preparation will henceforth rank foremost in  
therapeutics ; it generates all the important ele-  
ments of the human frame, the peculiar character  
of this substance fitting it for vital uses.”

Sir T. Lawrence says :—“ I have found Dr  
Bright's Phosphodyne an excellent remedy in  
skin diseases. I presume it is by oxydation.”

Professor Syme says :—“ The effects of the  
Phosphodyne in obstinate cases of disease are as  
astonishing as perplexing.”

## Patent Medicines

Dr Handfield Jones, F.R.C.P., F.R.S., phy-  
sician to St. Mary's Hospital, says in atrophy,  
and general debility, Phosphodyne is a most  
admirable remedy ; it invigorates the nutritive  
functions, and increases the vital energy,—“ it  
not only acts as an absorbent,” but retards or  
repairs the waste of tissue, and restores the  
nutritive functions to their normal condition.

The *Lancet* considers the Phosphodyne one of  
the most important contributions made to *materia  
medica* during the last century.

CAUTION.—Be particular to ask for Dr Bright's  
Phosphodyne, as imitations are abroad ; and  
avoid purchasing Single Bottles, the genuine ar-  
ticle being sold in Cases only.

Wholesale agents for New Zealand :  
KEMPTHORNE, PROSSER AND CO.,  
DUNEDIN.

## THE DOCTOR FOR ALL !

## HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

## Chest Complaints.

No diseases are more frequent, few more dan-  
gerous, than affections of the respiratory organs.  
The first symptoms of catarrh, bronchitis, and  
influenza may always be radically removed by  
Holloway's renowned Pills. They quickly re-  
medy any temporary stagnation of blood, relieve  
any over-gorged veins, moderate the hurried  
breathing, and enable the lungs to do their office  
with ease and regularity. These Pills, by their  
purifying powers, cleanse the blood from all im-  
purities, and fortify the system against consump-  
tion, asthma, and similar complaints.

## Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, and Bowels.

From various causes these organs are fre-  
quently getting out of order, and require some  
suitable medicine to regulate them. Holloway's  
Pills effect this object with wonderful celerity  
and certainty. They do not distress the system  
or weaken the frame ; they thoroughly invig-  
orate the digestive organs. They gently excite  
the stomach and liver, stimulate the kidneys to  
perform their functions efficiently, and act upon  
the bowels without griping or any other annoy-  
ance. Again, taken an hour before dinner, they  
cannot be equalled as a “Dinner Pill,” as they  
easily prevent acidity, flatulence, nausea, and  
biliousness.

## Windy or Watery Dropsey.

Whoever is afflicted with these complaints  
should at once have recourse to Holloway's Pills.  
They act most energetically on the glandular  
and absorbent system, purify the blood, and  
impart a vigour which age or other causes may  
have temporarily taken away. They excite the  
kidneys to increased activity, and thereby attem-  
pt to remove the absorbents to remove the fluid already  
collected.

## Disorders Peculiar to Women.

There is no medicine equal to Holloway's Pills  
for correcting the ailments incidental to females.  
They may be taken with safety for any irregu-  
larity of the system, as they remove all cause of  
maladies, and so restore, by their grand purify-  
ing properties, females of all ages to robust  
health.

## Influenza, Diphtheria, and Sore Throats.

How all important it is to check the first  
departure from health ! all may do so by taking  
Holloway's Pills, without risk or restriction.  
In all diseases affecting the blood, nerves, and  
muscles, or in cases of fever, sore throat, colds  
coughs, asthma, and shortness of breath, the  
earlier they are taken the better.

## Children's Complaints.

Diseases incidental to children, such as feverish  
attacks, scarlet fever, measles, and all dis-  
eases of the skin, may be immediately checked  
and soon cured, by these pur